

**R.G.N.PRICE & CO**  
**CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS**

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**UDIN** : 19022693AAAAC5995

G 234, Panampally Nagar,  
**Cochin** - 682 036.

Date : 17.10.2019

To the Members of  
CSB Bank Limited (Formerly The Catholic Syrian Bank Limited)

**Report on audit of the Standalone Financial Statements**

**Opinion**

1. We have audited the standalone financial statements of CSB Bank Limited (Formerly The Catholic Syrian Bank Limited) ('the Bank'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 30<sup>th</sup> September 2019, Profit and Loss Account and the Cash Flow Statement for the period then ended, and notes to the financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information in which are included the Returns of 438 branches/departments, for the period ended on that date audited by the branch auditors of the Bank's branches/departments located at various places in India.

2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 as well as the Companies Act, 2013 in the manner so required for banking Companies and are in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in India and give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Bank as at 30<sup>th</sup> September 2019, and its **PROFIT** and its cash flows for the period ended on that date.

**Basis for Opinion**

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Bank in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## **Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements**

4. The Bank's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Bank in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, and provisions of Section 29 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and circulars and guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI') from time to time. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Bank and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

## **Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements**

5. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### **Other Matter**

6. We did not audit the financial statements / information of 438 branches/departments included in the standalone financial statements of the Bank whose financial statements / financial information reflect total assets of Rs. 12,356 Crores as at 30<sup>th</sup> September 2019 and total revenue of Rs. 590 Crores for the period ended on that date, as considered in the standalone financial statements. The financial statements / information of these branches have been audited by the branch auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and in our opinion in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of branches, are based solely on the report of such branch auditors.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

## **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

7. The Balance Sheet and the Profit and Loss Account have been drawn up in accordance with the provisions of Section 29 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

8. As required by sub-section (3) of section 30 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, we report that:

- (a) we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of our audit and have found them to be satisfactory;
- (b) the transactions of the Bank, which have come to our notice, have been within the powers of the Bank;
- (c) the returns received from the offices; and branches of the Bank have been found adequate for the purposes of our audit.

9. Further, as required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- a) we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
- b) in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Bank so far as it appears from our examination of those books and proper returns adequate for the purposes of our audit have been received from branches not visited by us.
- c) the reports on the accounts of the branch offices of the bank audited under section 143(8) of the Act by branch auditors of the Bank have been sent to us and have been properly dealt with by us in preparing this report
- d) the Balance Sheet, Profit and Loss Account and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account and with the returns received from the branches not visited by us;
- e) in our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, to the extent they are not inconsistent with the accounting policies prescribed by RBI;

- f) with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. the Bank has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements - Refer Note No 4.6.1 of Schedule 18 - Notes on Accounts
  - ii. the Bank has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long term contracts including derivative contracts - Refer Note No. 9 of Schedule 18- Notes on Accounts and
  - iii. there has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Bank

For R.G.N. Price & Co.  
Chartered Accountants

Sd/-

G. Surendranath Rao  
Partner  
M.No. 022693  
FR No.002785S

# CSB Bank Limited

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2019

(Rs. in thousand)

	SCHEDULE NO	AS ON 30.09.2019	AS ON 31.03.2019
<b>CAPITAL AND LIABILITIES</b>			
Capital	1	172,27,73	85,97,23
Share Warrants		0	651,34,06
Reserves and Surplus	2	1795,93,35	694,37,99
Deposits	3	15509,81,97	15123,87,29
Borrowings	4	0	0
Other Liabilities and Provisions	5	277,44,70	355,59,21
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>17755,47,75</b>	<b>16911,15,78</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Cash and balances with Reserve Bank of India	6	706,20,59	725,40,54
Balances with banks and money at call and short notice	7	109,94,22	248,22,52
Investments	8	4314,10,29	4027,61,16
Advances	9	11297,83,51	10615,23,73
Fixed Assets	10	215,62,72	217,72,88
Other Assets	11	1111,76,42	1076,94,95
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>17755,47,75</b>	<b>16911,15,78</b>
<b>CONTINGENT LIABILITIES</b>	12	<b>727,01,21</b>	<b>657,75,74</b>
Bills for collection		66,62,23	71,36,12
<b>Significant Accounting Policies</b>	17		
<b>Notes to Accounts</b>	18		

The schedules referred to above form an integral part of the Balance Sheet.

Sd/-

Madhavan Menon, Chairman (DIN: 00008542)

Sd/-

Thomas Mathew  
Chairman-Audit Committee (DIN:01277149)

Sd/-

Sumit Maheshwari, Director (DIN:06920646)

Sd/-

Bhama Krishnamurthy, Director (DIN:02196839)

Sd/-

Syed Nagoor Ali Jinnah, Director (DIN: 05238633 )

Sd/-

Madhavan Aravamuthan, Director (DIN:01865555)

Sd/-

C.VR. Rajendran  
Managing Director & CEO  
(DIN:00460061)

As per our report of even date

For R G N Price & Co  
Chartered Accountants  
FRN No:002785S

Sd/-

Sijo Varghese  
Company Secretary

Sd/-

G. Surendranath Rao  
Partner  
(M. No. 22693)  
Kochi  
17.10.2019

Sd/-

V.Maheswari  
Chief Financial Officer

# CSB Bank Limited

## PROFIT & LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2019

	SCHEDULE NO	Half Year ended 30.09.2019	(Rs. in thousand) Year ended 31.03.2019
<b>I INCOME</b>			
Interest earned	13	732,29,79	1347,51,54
Other Income	14	<u>84,41,55</u>	<u>135,91,77</u>
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b><u>816,71,34</u></b>	<b><u>1483,43,31</u></b>
<b>II EXPENDITURE</b>			
Interest expended	15	452,77,75	907,56,09
Operating expenses	16	260,36,25	562,51,37
Provisions and contingencies		<u>59,30,25</u>	<u>210,77,77</u>
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b><u>772,44,25</u></b>	<b><u>1680,85,23</u></b>
<b>III PROFIT/LOSS</b>			
Net Profit / (Loss) for the period/year		44,27,09	-197,41,92
Profit/( Loss) brought forward from previous period/year		<u>-513,95,86</u>	<u>-316,53,94</u>
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b><u>-469,68,77</u></b>	<b><u>-513,95,86</u></b>
<b>IV APPROPRIATIONS</b>			
Transfer to Statutory Reserves		0	0
Transfer to Capital Reserves		0	0
Transfer to General Reserves		0	0
Transfer to Special Reserve (Swap)		0	0
Transfer to Special Reserve (Section 36 (1) (viii) of IT Act,1961)		0	0
Transfer to Investment Reserve		0	0
Transfer to Charity Fund		0	0
Provision for Proposed Dividend		0	0
Provision for tax on dividend		0	0
Balance carried over to Balance Sheet		<u>-469,68,77</u>	<u>-513,95,86</u>
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b><u>-469,68,77</u></b>	<b><u>-513,95,86</u></b>

**Basic and diluted Earnings Per Equity Share (Rs.) - Annualised** **7.70** **-23.73**  
(Face value Rs. 10 per share)

**Significant Accounting Policies** **17**  
**Notes to Accounts** **18**

The schedules referred to above form an integral part of the Profit and Loss account

<p>Sd/- Madhavan Menon, Chairman (DIN: 00008542)</p> <p>Sd/- Thomas Mathew Chairman-Audit Committee (DIN:01277149)</p> <p>Sd/- Sumit Maheshwari, Director (DIN:06920646)</p> <p>Sd/- Bhama Krishnamurthy, Director (DIN:02196839)</p> <p>Sd/- Syed Nagoor Ali Jinnah, Director (DIN: 05238633 )</p> <p>Sd/- Madhavan Aravamuthan, Director (DIN:01865555)</p>	<p>Sd/- C.VR. Rajendran Managing Director &amp; CEO (DIN:00460061)</p> <p>Sd/- Sijo Varghese Company Secretary</p> <p>Sd/- V.Maheswari Chief Financial Officer</p>	<p>As per our report of even date</p> <p>For R G N Price &amp; Co Chartered Accountants FRN No:002785S</p> <p>Sd/- G. Surendranath Rao Partner (M. No. 22693) Kochi 17.10.2019</p>
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# CSB Bank Limited

## CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED 30th SEPTEMBER, 2019

(Rs.in thousands)

PARTICULARS	Half Year ended 30.09.2019	Year ended 31.03.2019
<b>A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
NET PROFIT BEFORE TAX	68,93,29	-300,09,54
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation on Fixed Assets	7,50,82	12,17,12
Amortisation of Intangible Assets	2,49,30	4,36,15
Provisions and Contingencies	34,64,07	312,25,73
Interest Paid on Tier II Bonds	,,0	5,07,11
Others	38,09	66,20
<b>Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes</b>	<b>113,95,57</b>	<b>34,42,77</b>
<b>Adjustments for:</b>		
Investments	-288,89,21	51,09,05
Advances	-712,45,87	-1520,48,89
Other Assets	-36,76,41	25,39,22
Deposits	385,94,69	433,22,35
Borrowings	,,0	,,0
Other Liabilities	-80,20,36	90,85,89
<b>Cash generated from Operating Activities</b>	<b>-618,41,59</b>	<b>-885,49,61</b>
Direct Taxes Paid (Net of refunds)	-22,57,45	-7,74,82
<b>Net Cash flow from Operating Activities (A)</b>	<b>-640,99,04</b>	<b>-893,24,43</b>
<b>B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Purchase of Fixed Assets and Intangible Assets	-8,59,57	-22,65,05
Sale of Fixed Assets	,17,51	50,96
<b>Net Cash Used in Investing Activities (B)</b>	<b>-8,42,06</b>	<b>-22,14,09</b>
<b>C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Proceeds from issue of Equity Share Capital	19,87,41	4,95,80
Proceeds from Share Premium	193,36,33	64,45,44
Proceeds from Equity Share Warrants	278,69,12	651,34,06
Redemption of Tier II Bonds	,,0	-41,80,00
Interest Paid on Tier II Bonds	,,0	-5,07,11
<b>Net Cash (used)/generated from Financing Activities (C)</b>	<b>491,92,86</b>	<b>673,88,19</b>
<b>D. NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (A+B+C)</b>	<b>-157,48,24</b>	<b>-241,50,33</b>
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Year	973,63,06	1215,13,39
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year	816,14,82	973,63,06
<b>NET INCREASE AS DISCLOSED ABOVE</b>	<b>-157,48,24</b>	<b>-241,50,33</b>
<b>Notes to Cash Flow Statement</b>		
1. The Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the Indirect Method and figures has been regrouped wherever necessary		
2. Cash and Cash equivalents includes Cash in Hand, Balance with RBI & Other Banks and Money at Call and Short Notice		
<b>BREAKUP OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE HAF YEAR/YEAR</b>		
Cash and Balances with Reserve Bank of India (Refer Schedule 6)	706,20,59	725,40,54
Balances with Banks and Money at Call and Short Notice (Refer Schedule 7)	109,94,22	248,22,52
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the half year/year	816,14,81	973,63,06

Sd/-

C.VR. Rajendran  
Managing Director & CEO  
(DIN:00460061)

As per our report of even date

Sd/-  
Madhavan Menon, Chairman (DIN: 00008542)

For R G N Price & Co  
Chartered Accountants  
FRN No:002785S

Sd/-

Thomas Mathew  
Chairman-Audit Committee (DIN:01277149)

Sd/-

Sijo Varghese  
Company Secretary

Sd/-

G. Surendranath Rao  
Partner  
(M. No. 22693)  
Kochi  
17.10.2019

Sd/-

Sumit Maheshwari, Director (DIN:06920646)

Sd/-

V.Maheswari  
Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-

Bhama Krishnamurthy, Director (DIN:02196839)

Sd/-

Syed Nagoor Ali Jinnah, Director (DIN: 05238633 )

Sd/-

Madhavan Aravamuthan, Director (DIN:01865555)

As on 30.09.2019

As on 31.03.2019

**SCHEDULE 1 - CAPITAL****Authorized Capital :**22,00,00,000 (Previous year 20,00,00,000)  
Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each220,00,00200,00,00**Issued Capital**17,22,25,058 (Previous Year 10,07,94,212)  
Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each172,22,51100,79,42**Subscribed, Called up and Paid - up Capital**17,22,25,058 (Previous Year 8,09,62,082) Equity  
shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid - up  
Add: Forfeited Shares (1,93,743 Equity shares  
forfeited (Previous Year 1,93,743)

172,22,50

80,96,20

5,23

5,23

(Previous Year 1,98,32,130 Equity shares of  
Rs. 10/- each Rs. 2.5/- per share paid - up)

4,95,80

172,27,7385,97,23**SCHEDULE 2 - RESERVES AND SURPLUS****I Statutory Reserves**

Opening balance 146,75,58

146,75,58

Additions during the year , , 0

, , 0

sub total 146,75,58146,75,58

Deductions during the year 0

0

146,75,58

146,75,58

**II Capital Reserves**

Opening balance 71,73,08

71,73,08

Additions during the year , 31,84

, , 0

sub total 72,04,9271,73,08

Deductions during the year 0

0

72,04,92

71,73,08

**III Revaluation Reserves**

Opening balance 157,82,49

159,46,73

Additions during the year 0

, , 0

sub total 157,82,49159,46,73

Deductions during the year , 71,23

1,64,24

157,11,26

157,82,49

**IV Share Premium**

Opening balance 711,96,27

647,50,83

Additions during the year 1056,96,43

64,45,44

sub total 1768,92,70711,96,27

Deductions during the year 0

0

1768,92,70

711,96,27

**V Revenue and other Reserves****a) General Reserves**

Opening balance 96,25,24

75,28,34

Additions during the year , 71,23

20,96,90

sub total 96,96,4796,25,24

Deductions during the year 0

, , 0

96,96,47

96,25,24

**b) Special Reserve (Section 36 (1)(viii) of IT Act,1961)**

Opening balance 23,76,19

23,76,19

Additions during the year 0

0

sub total 23,76,1923,76,19

Deductions during the year 0

0

23,76,19

23,76,19

**VI Contingency Reserve**

Opening balance 5,00

5,00

Additions during the year 0

0

sub total 5,005,00

Deductions during the year 0

0

5,00

5,00

**VII Balance in Profit and Loss Account**

Opening balance -513,95,86

-316,53,94

Additions during the year 44,27,09

-197,41,92

sub total -469,68,77-513,95,86

Deductions during the year , , 0

, , 0

-469,68,77-513,95,86

TOTAL

1795,93,35694,37,99

**CSB Bank Limited**

	(Rs. in thousand)	
<b>SCHEDULE 3 - DEPOSITS</b>	<b>As on 30.09.2019</b>	<b>As on 31.03.2019</b>
<b>A. I. Demand Deposits</b>		
[i] From banks	1,34,33	52,76
[ii] From others	<u>658,04,74</u>	<u>616,55,93</u>
	659,39,07	617,08,69
<b>II. Savings Bank Deposits</b>	3712,52,45	3593,49,91
<b>III. Term Deposits</b>		
[i] From banks	182,99,87	190,05,42
[ii] From others	<u>10954,90,58</u>	<u>10723,23,27</u>
	11137,90,45	10913,28,69
TOTAL [I,II, and III]	<u><u>15509,81,97</u></u>	<u><u>15123,87,29</u></u>
<b>B [i] Deposits of branches in India</b>	<b>15509,81,97</b>	<b>15123,87,29</b>
[ii] Deposits of branches outside India	0	0
TOTAL	<u><u>15509,81,97</u></u>	<u><u>15123,87,29</u></u>
<b>SCHEDULE 4 - BORROWINGS</b>		
<b>I. Borrowings in India</b>		
[i] Reserve Bank of India	0	0
[ii] Other banks	0	0
[iii] Other institutions and agencies	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
TOTAL OF I	0	0
<b>II. Borrowings outside India</b>	0	0
TOTAL ( I and II)	<u><u>0</u></u>	<u><u>0</u></u>
Secured borrowings included in I and II	0	0
<b>III. Capital Instruments</b>		
Subordinated debts raised for Tier II Capital	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
TOTAL ( I,II and III)	<u><u>0</u></u>	<u><u>0</u></u>
<b>SCHEDULE 5 - OTHER LIABILITIES AND PROVISIONS</b>		
I. Bills payable	11,15,23	15,53,00
II. Inter-office adjustments (net)	5,09,50	12,03,59
III. Interest accrued	73,59,29	67,71,35
IV. Contingent provisions against standard assets	49,28,45	47,24,02
V. Others	<u>138,32,23</u>	<u>213,07,25</u>
TOTAL	<u><u>277,44,70</u></u>	<u><u>355,59,21</u></u>

**CSB Bank Limited**

(Rs. in thousand)

**As on 30.09.2019**

**As on 31.03.2019**

**SCHEDULE 6 -CASH AND BALANCES  
WITH RESERVE BANK  
OF INDIA**

I. Cash in hand(including foreign currency notes)		54,92,17	58,42,84
II Balances with Reserve Bank of India			
[i] in Current Account	651,28,42	666,97,70	
[ii] in Other Accounts	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	
	651,28,42	666,97,70	
TOTAL (I AND II)	<u><u>706,20,59</u></u>	<u><u>725,40,54</u></u>	

**SCHEDULE 7- BALANCES WITH BANKS  
& MONEY AT CALL AND  
SHORT NOTICE**

**I. In India**

[i]Balances with banks			
(a) in Current Accounts	8,80,77	12,78,00	
(b) in Other Deposit Accounts	<u>,2,50</u>	<u>,2,50</u>	
	8,83,27	12,80,50	
[ii]Money at call and short notice			
(a) with banks	0	0	
(b) with other Institutions	<u>,,0</u>	<u>225,00,00</u>	
	,,0	225,00,00	
TOTAL (i and ii)	<u><u>8,83,27</u></u>	<u><u>237,80,50</u></u>	

**II. Outside India**

(i) in Current Accounts	30,23,45	10,42,02	
(ii) in Other Deposit Accounts	70,87,50	0	
(iii) Money at call and short notice	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	
TOTAL	<u>101,10,95</u>	<u>10,42,02</u>	
GRAND TOTAL (I and II)	<u><u>109,94,22</u></u>	<u><u>248,22,52</u></u>	



**CSB Bank Limited**

		(Rs. in thousand)	
		As on 30.09.2019	As on 31.03.2019
<b>SCHEDULE 10 - FIXED ASSETS</b>			
<b>1. Premises</b>			
At cost as on 31 st March of the preceding year		3 , 56 , 53	3 , 95 , 00
Appreciation on revaluation till date		178 , 09 , 24	178 , 09 , 24
Additions during the year		<u>          , 0</u>	<u>          , 0</u>
	Sub total	<u>181 , 65 , 77</u>	<u>182 , 04 , 24</u>
Deductions during the year			, 38 , 47
Depreciation to date		<u>21 , 70 , 83</u>	<u>20 , 92 , 33</u>
		<b>159 , 94 , 94</b>	<b>160 , 73 , 44</b>
<b>II. Other Fixed Assets (including furniture and fixtures)</b>			
At cost as on 31st March of the preceding year		149 , 60 , 30	141 , 61 , 82
Additions during the year		<u>5 , 96 , 25</u>	<u>14 , 95 , 40</u>
	Sub total	<u>155 , 56 , 55</u>	<u>156 , 57 , 22</u>
Deductions during the year		1 , 96 , 60	6 , 96 , 92
Depreciation to date		<u>97 , 92 , 17</u>	<u>92 , 60 , 86</u>
		<b>55 , 67 , 78</b>	<b>56 , 99 , 44</b>
	TOTAL (I, and II)	<u><u>215 , 62 , 72</u></u>	<u><u>217 , 72 , 88</u></u>

**SCHEDULE 11 - OTHER ASSETS**

I. Interest accrued		94 , 24 , 66	81 , 94 , 83
II. Tax paid in advance/tax deducted at source( Net of provisions)		71 , 79 , 69	49 , 22 , 24
III. Stationery and stamps		2 , 07 , 48	2 , 19 , 14
IV. Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims		29 , 76 , 39	29 , 67 , 69
V. Deposits placed with NABARD/SIDBI/NHB for meeting shortfall in Priority Sector Lending		516 , 04 , 77	539 , 33 , 03
VI. Deferred tax asset		259 , 48 , 09	284 , 14 , 27
VII. Others		138 , 35 , 34	90 , 43 , 75
	TOTAL	<u><u>1111 , 76 , 42</u></u>	<u><u>1076 , 94 , 95</u></u>

**CSB Bank Limited**

(Rs. in thousand)

	<b>As on 30.09.2019</b>	<b>As on 31.03.2019</b>
<b>SCHEDULE 12 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES</b>		
I.Claims against the bank not acknowledged as debts	38,78,65	37,17,49
II.Liability for partly paid investments	0	0
III.Liability on account of outstanding forward exchange contracts	356,79,40	289,16,63
IV. Guarantees given on behalf of constituents		
(a) In India	227,16,78	209,43,36
(b) Outside India	0	0
V.Acceptance, endorsements and other obligations	27,64,01	48,98,93
VI.Other items for which the bank is contingently liable	<u>76,62,37</u>	<u>72,99,33</u>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b><u>727,01,21</u></b>	<b><u>657,75,74</u></b>

	<b>Half Year ended 30.09.2019</b>	<b>Year ended 31.03.2019</b>
<b>SCHEDULE 13 - INTEREST EARNED</b>		
I.Interest/discount on advances / bills	563,13,33	968,61,67
II.Income on investments	153,40,12	347,36,92
III.Interest on balances with Reserve Bank of India and other inter -bank funds	2,46,66	2,36,53
IV Others	13,29,68	29,16,42
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b><u>732,29,79</u></b>	<b><u>1347,51,54</u></b>

<b>SCHEDULE 14 - OTHER INCOME</b>		
I. Commission, Exchange and Brokerage	13,70,88	27,24,17
II. Profit on sale of investments	13,19,22	17,29,40
Less: Loss on sale of investments	<u>,23,39</u>	<u>9,28,80</u>
	12,95,83	8,00,60
III. Profit on revaluation of investments	0	0
Less: Loss on revaluation of investments	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
	0	0
IV. Profit on sale of land, buildings and other assets	4,05	21,05
Less: Loss on sale of land, buildings and other as	<u>41,39</u>	<u>96,25</u>
	-,37,34	-75,20
V. Profit on exchange transactions (Net)	3,72,97	7,04,65
VI. Income earned by way of dividends etc. from subsidiaries/companies and/or joint ventures abroad/in India	0	0
VII. Miscellaneous Income (includes recovery of Bad debts written off in earlier years Rs 22.60 Crores, previous year Rs 30.77 Crores and processing fee of Rs. 10.86 crores, previous year Rs. 20.52 crores)	<u>54,39,21</u>	<u>94,37,55</u>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b><u>84,41,55</u></b>	<b><u>135,91,77</u></b>

**CSB Bank Limited**

(Rs. in thousand)

**Half Year ended  
30.09.2019**      **Year ended  
31.03.2019****SCHEDULE 15 - INTEREST EXPENDED**

I. Interest on deposits	448 , 30 , 55	861 , 82 , 66
II. Interest on Reserve Bank of India/ inter -bank borrowings	1 , 77 , 63	31 , 48 , 78
III. Others	2 , 69 , 57	14 , 24 , 65
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>452 , 77 , 75</b>	<b>907 , 56 , 09</b>

**SCHEDULE 16 - OPERATING EXPENSES**

I. Payments to and provisions for employees	168 , 14 , 33	384 , 42 , 97
II. Rent, taxes and lighting	27 , 79 , 89	50 , 58 , 61
III. Printing and Stationery	2 , 08 , 92	4 , 03 , 53
IV. Advertisement and publicity	, 33 , 90	, 77 , 48
V. Depreciation on bank's property (including amortisation of intangible assets)	10 , 00 , 12	16 , 53 , 27
VI. Directors' fees, allowances and expenses	, 37 , 27	, 76 , 81
VII. Auditors' fees and expenses (including branch auditors fees and expenses)	, 83 , 97	1 , 83 , 59
VIII. Law charges	1 , 16 , 27	3 , 16 , 10
IX. Postages, Telegrams, Telephones etc.	5 , 00 , 99	9 , 74 , 18
X. Repairs and maintenance	4 , 54 , 87	8 , 50 , 86
XI. Insurance	8 , 65 , 30	16 , 55 , 60
XII. Other expenditure	31 , 40 , 42	65 , 58 , 37
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>260 , 36 , 25</b>	<b>562 , 51 , 37</b>

## **SCHEDULE 17 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

### **1. GENERAL**

- a) The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements prescribed under the Third Schedule (Form A and Form B) of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949. The accounting and reporting policies of the Bank used in the preparation of these financial statements conform to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP), the circulars and guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) from time to time, the Accounting Standards (AS) specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of The Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 so far as they apply to the Bank and practices generally prevalent in the banking industry in India.
- b) Going Concern Assumption, Historical cost convention and Accrual basis of accounting have been consistently applied while preparing and presenting the financial statements, except as stated in para 10 – “Recognition of Revenue and Expenditure”.

### **2. USE OF ESTIMATES**

The preparation of the financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Management believes that the estimates used in the preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ from these estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognized prospectively in current and future periods.

### **3. TRANSACTIONS INVOLVING FOREIGN EXCHANGE**

- a) Monetary assets and liabilities including contingent liabilities have been translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the close of the year as advised by FEDAI and the effect is accounted in Profit & Loss Account
- b) Income and Expenditure items denominated in foreign currencies have been accounted at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction.
- c) Outstanding foreign exchange forward contracts are revalued at the rates applicable on the closing date as advised by FEDAI. The resultant profit/loss is taken into Profit and Loss Account.
- d) Contingent Liabilities on guarantees, letters of credit, acceptances and endorsements are reported at the exchange rates prevailing at the close of the year.

### **4. INVESTMENTS**

- a) Accounting and classification  
All Investments are accounted for on settlement dates. In terms of RBI guidelines, the entire investments portfolio has been classified under three categories for valuation purpose, viz., “Held to Maturity”, “Available for Sale” and “Held for Trading” at the time of its purchase. However, for disclosure in the Balance Sheet, investments are classified under six groups – Govt. Securities, Other Approved Securities, Shares, Debentures and Bonds, Subsidiaries/Joint Venture and Others.
- b) Cost of acquisition  
Costs such as brokerage pertaining to investments, paid at the time of acquisition are charged to the profit and loss account.
- c) Basis of Classification  
Securities that are held principally for resale within 90 days from the date of purchase are classified under the HFT category. Investments that the bank intends to hold till maturity are classified under the HTM category. Securities which are not classified in the above categories are classified under the AFS category.

d) Transfer between categories

Reclassification of investments from one category to the other, if done, is in accordance with the RBI guidelines. Transfer of scrips from AFS/HFT category to HTM category is made at the lower of book value or market value. In the case of transfer of securities from HTM to AFS/HFT category, the investments held under HTM at a discount are transferred to AFS/HFT category at the acquisition price and investments placed in the HTM category at a premium are transferred to AFS/HFT at the amortized cost.

Transfer of investments from AFS to HFT or vice versa is done at the book value. Depreciation carried, if any, on such investments is also transferred from one category to another.

e) Valuation of Securities:

(i) Investments in "Held to Maturity" category are accounted for at acquisition cost or at amortized cost, if acquired at a premium. In case the cost is higher than the face value, the premium is amortized over the period remaining to maturity using Constant Yield Method. Such amortization of premium is adjusted against income under the head "Income on Investments". Where the face value is higher than the cost, the discount is ignored and is accounted only on maturity date of the instrument.

(ii) Securities classified as "Available for Sale" are marked to market scrip-wise on a quarterly basis other than shares which is done on a weekly basis and net depreciation in each category is provided for, while net appreciation is ignored.

(iii) Individual scrips in "Held for Trading" category are marked to market at daily intervals and net depreciation in each category is provided for, while net appreciation is ignored.

(iv) Treasury Bills, Commercial Papers and Certificate of Deposits are valued at carrying cost.

(v) Security receipts are valued as per the Net Asset Value (NAV) obtained from the issuing Reconstruction Company/Securitization Company. Depreciation in each scrip is provided for while appreciation is ignored.

(vi) Profit on sale of investments in 'Held to Maturity' category is recognized in the Profit and Loss Account and an equivalent amount net of taxes and transfer to Statutory Reserves is appropriated to Capital Reserve.

(vii) Investments are also classified as Performing and Non Performing as per the guidelines of RBI and provisions on Non Performing investments are made as per the provisioning norms of RBI.

(viii) As per RBI circular [FMOD.MAOG. No. 116/01.01.001/2016-17, dated 10.11.2016], the bank is classifying Repo / Reverse Repo under LAF scheme in Schedule 4 [Borrowings] and Schedule 7 [Balances with banks and Money at call & short notice] respectively.

## 5. ADVANCES

a) Advances have been classified as 'Performing' and 'Non-performing Advances' (NPA) in accordance with the applicable regulatory guidelines. NPAs are further classified in to Sub-standard, Doubtful and Loss assets in terms of applicable regulatory guidelines.

b) Provision for Non Performing Advances comprising Sub-standard, Doubtful and Loss Assets is made in accordance with the RBI guidelines which prescribe minimum provision levels and encourage banks to make a higher provision based on sound commercial judgement. In respect of identified NPAs provision is recognized at borrower level on the basis of ageing of loans. The provisioning done is at or higher than the minimum rate prescribed under the RBI guidelines.

c) The amount of advances shown in the Balance Sheet is net of provisions, interest suspense, ECGC claims received and discount on assignment transactions.

d) Provision on Standard Assets, is maintained as per RBI guidelines. In respect of Rescheduled/ Restructured Advances, provision is made for the diminution in the fair value of restructured advances measured in

present value terms as per RBI Guidelines. The said provision is reduced to arrive at net advances. In case of advances to stressed sectors, bank has recognized provision in line with RBI guidelines. These provisions are included under in Item No. IV 'Others', of Schedule 5 – Other Liabilities & Provisions.

- e) Amounts recovered against debts written off in earlier years are recognized as revenue.
- f) The sale of financial assets (including Non Performing Advances) to Reconstruction Company (RC)/ Securitisation Company (SC) are accounted as per the extant guidelines of Reserve Bank of India from time to time.
- h) Policy on Managing Currency induced credit risk: As per Credit Policy of the bank Forward exchange cover is insisted on all Foreign Currency loans of USD 2 Mio or above unless there is natural hedge by way of export/other earnings. For foreign currency loans of less than USD 2 Mio, forward exchange cover is optional to the borrower subject to furnishing of an unconditional undertaking to bear the exchange loss if any.
- i) In addition to the provisions required to be held according to the asset classification status, provisions are held for individual country exposure, wherever applicable and in accordance with RBI Guidelines

## 6. FIXED ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

- a) Fixed Assets other than premises are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation. Cost includes cost of purchase and all directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.
- b) Premises are stated at revalued amount. Appreciation on revaluation of premises is credited to Revaluation Reserve. The additional depreciation on the revalued portion of buildings is charged to Profit and Loss Account and an equivalent amount is withdrawn from Revaluation Reserve and credited to General Reserve.
- c) Subsequent expenditure incurred on fixed assets put to use is capitalized only when it represents an improvement which increases the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance or an extension which becomes an integral part of the asset.
- d) Depreciation on additions to fixed assets is provided on pro rata basis. No depreciation is charged on the fixed assets sold/discarded during the year, except for premises and motor vehicles which are depreciated on a pro-rata basis.
- e) The bank has adopted the revised useful life of assets as prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 except in respect of the following assets, where useful life is different than those prescribed in Schedule II

Type of Fixed Asset	Useful Life Considered (Yrs)	Useful Life as per Schedule II (Yrs)	Depreciation Method
Premises	58 Yrs	60 Yrs	Written Down Value
Servers & Networks	3 Yrs	6 Yrs	Straight Line
ATMs	8 Yrs	15 Yrs	Straight Line

## 7. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Accounting and amortisation of computer software are in accordance with the provisions of Accounting Standard 26 – Intangible Assets, specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of The Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

- a) Application Software purchased is amortised over a period of 5 years on pro rata basis under Straight Line Method.

- b) Internally Generated Application Software is accounted as an intangible asset and is amortised over a period of 5 years on pro rata basis under Straight Line Method from the date the software becomes Available for Use. If the software is still in the development phase and has not become Available for Use, no amortisation is charged to Profit & Loss Account.

## **8 . NON BANKING ASSETS**

In the case of Non Banking Assets, diminution in value, if any, is provided for.

## **9. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

### **9.1 Short Term Employee Benefits**

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits which are expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised during the period when the employee renders the service.

### **9.2 Long term Employee Benefits**

a) Defined Contribution Plan - Provident Fund and New Pension Scheme (Contributory) are the defined contribution plans of the bank. In addition to contribution for the period, shortfall, if any, in the Provident Fund Trust is charged to Profit and Loss Account of the bank.

b) Defined Benefit Plans - Liabilities towards Gratuity, Pension and Leave benefits to employees are defined benefit obligations and are provided for on the basis of actuarial valuation made at the end of each financial year. Projected Unit Credit Method is used by the actuary for valuing the obligations in case of Pension, Gratuity and Long term Compensated Absences and other long term employee benefits. Discount rate used to arrive at the present value of estimated future cash flows is arrived at by reference to market yields on balance sheet date on government bonds of term consistent with estimated term of the obligations as per para 78 of AS 15 Employee Benefits. Actuarial Gains/Losses are immediately taken to the profit and loss account and are not deferred.

Brief description of the defined benefit plans:

- i) Pension - Pension is payable to the employees who have specifically opted for the same. For becoming eligible for pension, the employee should have served the bank for a minimum period of 10 years in the case of retirement on superannuation and 20 years in other cases. At the time of retirement or death of the pension eligible employee, the pension trust purchases annuity from insurance company, out of the contributions made by the bank.
- ii) Gratuity - Gratuity is payable to all employees on termination of employment due to retirement, death or resignation, provided that the employee has continuously served the bank for a minimum period of 5 years.
- iii) Long term compensated absences and other long term employee benefits viz:
- a. Privilege Leave
  - b. Leave fare concession
  - c. Sick Leave

are based on actuarial valuation at the end of the financial year

### **9.3 Employee Stock Options (ESOP)**

The accounting for shares granted under Employee Stock Option Scheme is done as per the ICAI Guidance note on ESOP. The Bank has applied the intrinsic value method to arrive at the compensation cost of ESOP granted to the employees of the Bank. Intrinsic value is the amount by which the value of the underlying shares as determined by an independent valuer exceeds the exercise price of the options. Compensation cost so determined is amortised over the vesting period of the option granted.

## 10. RECOGNITION OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE

Revenue is recognised to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the bank and the revenue can be reliably measured.

- a. Interest/discount on advances/bills is recognised on accrual basis except on non-performing assets in which case the income is recognised as per prudential norms issued by RBI. Exchange, Brokerage, Commission & Rent on lockers are recognised on cash basis.
- b. Income on Investments (other than dividend on shares & mutual funds and income on non performing investments) is recognised on accrual basis. Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive payment is established.
- c. Recovery in Non Performing Assets is first appropriated towards interest and the balance, if any, towards principal, except in the case of Suit Filed Accounts, sale to Asset Reconstruction Companies and accounts under One Time Settlement where recovery is appropriated based on the court decree/terms of agreement.
- d. In the case of purchase of loans from other banks/NBFCs through direct assignment of cash flows, bank recognizes interest income on the basis of original IRR/actual collection record of the pool. The discount, if any, on such purchase is recognised in proportion to the principal received.
- e. In case of Asset Sale to ARCs, where the sales is at a price higher than the net book value (NBV), (i.e. outstanding less provision held) and consideration is received in cash, the excess provision on NPA is credited to Profit and loss account. If consideration is other than cash, the excess provision is retained. If the sale is at a price below the NBV, the shortfall is debited to Profit & Loss Account, as per the option given by RBI.
- f. Legal expenses incurred on suit filed accounts are expensed in profit and loss account as per RBI guidelines. Such amount when recovered is treated as income.

## 11. TAXES ON INCOME

Income tax expense is the aggregate amount of current tax and deferred tax charge. Current year taxes are determined in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961. Deferred income taxes reflect the impact of current year timing differences between taxable income and accounting income for the year and reversal of timing differences of earlier years.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to the taxes on income levied by same governing taxation laws. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that there is a reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. The impact of changes in the deferred tax assets and liabilities is recognized in the Profit and Loss Account.

Deferred tax assets are recognized and reassessed at each reporting date, based upon the Management's judgement as to whether realisation is considered as reasonably certain. Deferred tax assets are recognized on carry forward of unabsorbed depreciation and tax losses only if there is virtual certainty that such deferred tax asset can be realized against future profits.

## 12. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Bank has adopted RBI's revised guidelines on segment reporting issued in April 2007 and accordingly 4 business segments viz. Treasury, Corporate/Wholesale Banking, Retail Banking and Other Banking Operations have been considered as reportable segments. Advances classified as corporate as per Basel III norms are grouped in Corporate/Wholesale Banking assets while all other advances are grouped as Retail Banking Assets. Deposits of ₹ 2 crore and above are classified as corporate/wholesale banking liabilities (to conform to ALM classification

adopted by the bank) and all other deposits are grouped as retail banking liabilities. Deposits of borrowers classified as corporate as per Basel II norms are treated as wholesale deposits regardless of amount. For arriving at segment results, income and expenditure that cannot be directly identified with a particular segment are allocated on appropriate basis.

### **13. IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS**

Impairment losses, if any, on Fixed Assets (including revalued assets) are recognized in accordance with the Accounting Standard 28 'Impairment of Assets' specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of The Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and charged to Profit and Loss Account.

### **14. ACCOUNTING FOR PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS**

- a) As per the Accounting Standard 29, 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets', specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of The Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 the Bank recognizes provisions only when it has a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and when a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.
- b) Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements.

While computing the provision requirement pertaining to fraud accounts, adjustment is made for "financial collateral eligible under BASEL III Capital regulations -Capital charge for credit risk (standardized approach)", if available and amount so arrived at is charged fully to Profit and Loss Account, in the same quarter of detection.

### **15. EARNINGS PER SHARE**

The bank reports basic and diluted Earnings per equity share in accordance with the Accounting Standard 20 on "Earnings per share specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. Basic Earnings per share (EPS) reported is computed by dividing net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the period. Diluted earnings per equity share have been computed using the weighted average number of equity shares and dilutive potential equity shares outstanding during the period except where the results are anti-dilutive.

### **16. SHARE ISSUE EXPENSES**

The share issue expenses are adjusted from share premium account in terms of Section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013, in cases where RBI approval is obtained.

### **17. NET PROFIT/LOSS**

The net profit/loss disclosed in the Profit & Loss Account is after

- (i) provision for taxes
- (ii) provision for standard, restructured and non performing assets.
- (iii) provision for depreciation on investments and
- (iv) other usual and necessary provisions.

## SCHEDULE 18 - NOTES TO ACCOUNTS

### 1.1 Capital Infusion

Pursuant to approval accorded by shareholders by way of special resolution passed in the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Bank held on March 21, 2018 and in terms of Reserve Bank of India approval vide letter DBR.PSBD.No.341/16.1.060/2018-19 dated July 12, 2018 and approval of Department of Financial Services (DFS) of the Ministry of Finance, Government of India vide letter No. F.No.26/5/2018-BOA dated October 9, 2018, the Bank, on 19.10.2018 allotted, on a partly paid up basis, an aggregate number of 19,832,130 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each at an issue price of ₹ 140/- per share (including premium of ₹130/- per share) and 66,463,329 Warrants compulsorily convertible into or exchangeable for Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each at an issue price of ₹ 140/- (including premium of ₹ 130/- per warrant) to FIH Mauritius Investments Ltd (FIHM).

In pursuance of the above approvals, the Bank received ₹ 35/- per equity share upfront, aggregating to ₹ 694,124,550/- in respect of shares allotted. In respect of Warrants allotted, the Bank received ₹ 98/- per warrant in two tranches, aggregating to ₹ 6,513,406,242/-. Bank, as on March 31, 2019, received an amount aggregating to ₹ 7,207,530,792/- by allotting Warrants and Shares to FIH-M.

Bank, on July 5, 2019, received balance amount of Rs.105/- per share aggregating to ₹ 2,082,373,650/- and accordingly, the partly paid up share were made fully paid up on July 12, 2019. In respect of warrants, Bank received balance amount of Rs 42/- per warrant aggregating to ₹ 2,791,459,818/- on July 8, 2019 and accordingly 66,430,846 warrants were converted into equity shares on August 7, 2019. 32,483 warrants allotted on October 19, 2018 at Rs. 140/- per warrant and consideration received in three tranches, were forfeited on August 7, 2019 by refunding Rs.42 per warrant amounting to Rs.13,64,286/-, received in the last tranche and forfeited an amount of Rs.98 per warrant amounting to Rs.31,83,334/-received in 1<sup>st</sup> two tranches by transfer to capital reserve so as to bring the overall investment of FIHM in the Bank within the DFS approved limit of Rs. 1,208 Crores.

Bank, on July 12, 2019 allotted 5,000,000 equity shares @ Rs.10/- per share to CSB ESOS Trust, pursuant to the approval of the shareholders obtained, vide post ballot resolution dated May 4, 2019.

### 1.2 Investments

- a) In respect of Investments in Held to Maturity category, the amount of amortization of excess of acquisition cost over face value is ₹ 7.49 Crores (previous year ₹14.37 Crores) which is netted against Income on Investments (Schedule 13, Item II)..
- b) Profit on sale of investments under Held to Maturity category amounting to ₹0.74 Crore for the half year ended (Previous Year ₹Nil) has been taken to Profit and Loss account and the amount net of tax & transfer to statutory reserve shall be appropriated to Capital Reserve at the end of the year. There was no loss on sale of investments under Held to Maturity category during the half year. During the previous year there was no sale of HTM category securities.
- c) Provisions for depreciation and diminution on investments in the Available for Sale category investments amounting to ₹ 1.79 Crores is reversed to Profit & Loss account (previous year ₹ 36.51 Crores was debited to Profit & Loss account).
- d) Provisions for depreciation and diminution on investments in the Held for Trading category investments amounting to ₹ 0.72 Crores is debited to Profit & Loss account (previous year ₹ Nil ).
- e) During the year, the bank has transferred securities of book value amounting to ₹78.85 Crores (previous year ₹Nil) from Available for Sale category to Held to Maturity category. During the previous year, the bank has transferred securities of book value amounting to ₹53.21 Crores from Held to Maturity category to Available for Sale category.
- f) UDAY bonds issued on conversion of advances to DISCOM companies on restructuring of advances in March 2016 which were not envisaged to be converted into SDL amounting to ₹ 15.66 Crores (Previous year ₹15.66 Crores) are treated as Non-Performing Investments (NPI), and a provision of ₹ 6.26 Crores (Previous year ₹ 6.26 Crores)is held on the same.

### 1.3 Reconciliation

Reconciliation of inter-bank and inter-branch transactions has been completed up to 30<sup>th</sup> September 2019. Steps for elimination of outstanding entries are in progress. In the opinion of the management, since the outstanding entries to be eliminated are insignificant, no material consequential effect is anticipated.

## 1.4 Taxation

Claims against the bank not acknowledged as debt under contingent liabilities (Schedule 12) include disputed income tax liabilities of ₹ 24.40 Crore (Previous Year – ₹ 24.41 Crore) of which ₹ 22.65 Crore (Previous Year – ₹ 22.57 Crore) has been paid/adjusted and included under other assets (Schedule 11). In respect of these claims, provision for tax is not considered necessary based on various judicial decisions on such disputes. Management does not envisage any liability in respect of such disputed issues.

Provision for income tax for the year is arrived at after due consideration of the various favorable judicial decisions on certain disputed issues.

## 2. Disclosures in terms of Reserve Bank of India Guidelines

### 2.1 Capital

Particulars	Basel III	
	30.09.2019	31.03.2019
i) Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio (%)	22.11	16.03
ii) Tier 1 Capital ratio (%)	22.11	16.03
iii) Tier 2 Capital ratio (%)	0.66	0.67
iv) Total Capital ratio (CRAR) (%)	22.77	16.70
v) Percentage of the shareholding of the Government of India in public sector banks	N A	N A
vi) Amount of equity capital (including warrants) raised during the half year/year	₹ 491.93 Crore	₹ 720.75 Crore
vii) Amount of Additional Tier 1 capital raised (during the half year/year); of which		
PNCPS:	Nil	Nil
PDI:	Nil	Nil
viii) Amount of Tier 2 capital raised (during the half year/ year); of which		
Debt capital instrument:	Nil	Nil
Preference Share Capital Instruments:	Nil	Nil
[Perpetual Cumulative Preference Shares (PCPS) / Redeemable Non-Cumulative Preference Shares (RNCPS) / Redeemable Cumulative Preference Shares (RCPS)]		
Particulars	BASEL II	
	30.09.2019	31.03.2019
i) Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio (%)	22.32	16.09
ii) Tier 1 Capital ratio (%)	22.32	16.09
iii) Tier 2 Capital ratio (%)	0.67	0.67
iv) Total Capital ratio (CRAR) (%)	22.99	16.77
v) Percentage of the shareholding of the Government of India in public sector banks	Nil	Nil
vi) Amount of equity capital (including warrants) raised during the half year/ year	₹ 491.93 Crore	₹ 720.75 Crore
vii) Amount of Additional Tier 1 capital raised (during the half year/ year); of which		
PNCPS:	Nil	Nil
PDI:	Nil	Nil
viii) Amount of Tier 2 capital raised (during the half year/ year); of which		
Debt capital instrument:	Nil	Nil
Preference Share Capital Instruments:	Nil	Nil
[Perpetual Cumulative Preference Shares (PCPS) / Redeemable Non-Cumulative Preference Shares (RNCPS) / Redeemable Cumulative Preference Shares (RCPS)]		

## 2.2 Investments

(₹ in Crore)

Items	30.09.2019	31.03.2019
<b>(1) Value of Investments</b>		
(i) Gross Value of Investments	4397.23	4111.81
(a) In India	4397.23	4111.81
(b) Outside India	Nil	Nil
(ii) Provisions for Depreciation/Diminution	83.13	84.20
(a) In India	83.13	84.20
(b) Outside India	Nil	Nil
(iii) Net Value of Investments	4314.10	4027.61
(a) In India	4314.10	4027.61
(b) Outside India.	--	--
<b>(2) Movement of provisions held towards depreciation/ diminution on investments</b>		
(i) Opening balance	84.20	49.00
(ii) Add: Provisions made during the year	3.91	36.78
(iii) Less: Write-off/ write-back of excess provisions during the year	4.98	1.58
<b>Closing balance</b>	<b>83.13</b>	<b>84.20</b>

### 2.2.1 Repo Transactions (In Face Value terms)

(₹ in Crore)

	Minimum outstanding during the half year	Maximum outstanding during the half year	Daily Average outstanding during the half year	Outstanding as on 30.09.2019
<b>Securities sold under Repo / Term Repo</b>				
i. Government Securities	5.00	724.92	155.06	Nil
ii Corporate debt securities	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
<b>Securities purchased under Reverse Repo/ Term Reverse Repo</b>				
i. Government Securities	7.00	425.00	56.20	Nil
ii Corporate debt securities	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

### 2.2.2 Non-SLR Investment Portfolio

#### i) Issuer composition of Non SLR investments

(₹ in Crore)

No.	Issuer	Amount	Extent of Private Placement	Extent of 'Below Investment Grade' Securities	Extent of 'Unrated' Securities	Extent of 'Unlisted' Securities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
(i)	PSUs	62.32	15.66	Nil	15.66	15.66
(ii)	FIs	2.00	2.00	Nil	Nil	2.00
(iii)	Banks	403.20	185.76	Nil	Nil	Nil
(iv)	Private Corporate	46.68	1.82	Nil	Nil	0.05
(v)	Subsidiaries/ Joint Ventures	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

(vi).	Others* (Security receipts and AIF)	247.04	196.93	Nil	Nil	247.04
(vii).	Provision held towards depreciation/NPI/diminution	78.24	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
	<b>Total</b>	683.00	402.17	0	15.66	264.75

\*Bank has, during the half year ended 30.09.2019 made investment of Rs. 51.47 crore (balance as on 30.09.2019 Rs. 50.12 crore) in units of category II Alternative Investment Fund, which required prior approval of Reserve Bank of India as per its guidelines. Bank has initiated the process for obtaining approval for the same.

## ii) Non performing Non-SLR investments

(₹ in Crore)

Particulars	30.09.2019	31.03.2019
Opening balance	17.48	20.76
Additions during the year	0	0.00
Reductions during the year	0	3.28
Closing balance	17.48	17.48
Total provisions held	8.51	8.29

## 2.2.3 Sale and transfers to/from HTM Category:

During the half year securities amounting to book value ₹78.85 Crores was transferred from Available for Sale category to Held to Maturity category. Since sale from Held to Maturity category does not exceed 5 percent of book value of investment held, the disclosure on market value of investment and the excess of book value over market value is not applicable.

## 2.3. Derivatives: Nil

### 2.3.1 Forward Rate Agreement/ Interest Rate Swap: Nil

### 2.3.2 Exchange Traded Currency and Interest Rate Derivatives: Nil

### 2.3.3 Disclosures on risk exposure in derivatives: Nil

### 2.3.4 Qualitative & Quantitative Disclosure: Not Applicable

## 2.4. Asset Quality

### 2.4.1.1 Non-Performing Asset

(₹ in Crore)

Particulars	30.09.2019	31.03.2019
<b>(i) Net NPAs to Net Advances (%)</b>	<b>1.96%</b>	<b>2.27%</b>
<b>(ii) Movement of NPAs (Gross)</b>		
(a) Opening balance	530.62	764.13
(b) Additions during the year	84.90	197.45
(c) Reductions during the year	289.31	430.96
(d) Closing balance	<b>326.21</b>	<b>530.62</b>
<b>(iii) Movement of Net NPAs</b>		
(a) Opening balance	240.68	416.29
(b) Additions during the year	61.14	135.12
(c) Reductions during the year	80.32	310.73
(d) Closing balance	<b>221.50</b>	<b>240.68</b>
<b>(iv) Movement of provisions for NPAs (excluding provisions on standard assets)</b>		
(a) Opening balance	286.42	344.64
(b) Provisions made during the year	55.63	275.80
(c) Write-off/ write-back of excess provisions	240.90	334.02
(d) Closing balance	<b>101.15</b>	<b>286.42</b>



	which cease to attract higher provisioning and / or additional risk weight at the end of the FY and hence need not be shown as restructured standard advances at the beginning of the next year.	Amount outstanding- Restructured facility	0	0	0	0	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
		Other facility	0	0	0	0	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
		Total	0	0	0	0	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
		Provision thereon	0	0	0	0	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
5	Down gradations of restructured accounts during theYear.(Net)	No. of Borrower	0	0	0	0	0	NIL	-20.00	20.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-20.00	20.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
		Amount outstanding- Restructured facility	0	0	0	0	0		-0.77	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.77	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	
		Other facility	0	0	0	0	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
		Total	0	0	0	0	0		-0.77	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.77	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	
		Provision thereon	0	0	0	0	0		-0.04	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.04	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	
6	Write-offs /Sale /Closed of restructured accounts during the FY.	No. of Borrower	0	0	0	0	0	NIL	-2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-2.00	-2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-2.00	
		Amount outstanding- Restructured facility	0	0	0	0	0		-0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.15	-0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.15	
		Other facility	0	0	0	0	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
		Total	0	0	0	0	0		-0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.15	-0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.15	
		Provision thereon	0	0	0	0	0		-0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.01	
7	Changes in the account balance	No. of Borrower	0	0		0	0	NIL											
		Amount outstanding- Restructured facility	0	0	0	0	0		-1.15	-0.04	-0.30	0.00	-1.49	-1.15	-0.04	-0.30	0.00	-1.49	
		Other facility	0	0	0	0	0		0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	
		Total	0	0	0	0	0		-1.13	-0.04	-0.30	0.00	-1.47	-1.13	-0.04	-0.30	0.00	-1.47	
		Provision thereon	0	0	0	0	0		0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	

8	Restructured accounts as on Sept 30 2019 (closing figures*)	No. of Borrower	0	0	1	0	1	NIL	44.00	20.00	10.00	0.00	74.00	44.00	20.00	11.00	0.00	75.00
		Amount outstanding- Restructured facility	0	0	0	0	0		17.48	0.73	6.33	0.00	24.53	17.48	0.73	6.33	0.00	24.54
		Other facility	0	0	0	0	0		9.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.32	9.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.32
		Total	0	0	0	0	0		26.79	0.73	6.33	0.00	33.85	26.79	0.73	6.33	0.00	33.85
		Provision thereon	0	0	0	0	0		0.25	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.29	0.25	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.29

Note: Out of 75 accounts disclosed above, 64 accounts amounting to ₹ 27.53 crore pertains to restructuring on account of natural calamities done in accordance with Master Direction by RBI (Relief Measures by Banks in areas affected by natural calamities) Directions 2018 dated October 17,2018

**2.4.2 B Disclosures on Flexible Structuring of Existing Loans - Nil**

**2.4.2 C Disclosures on Strategic Debt Restructuring Scheme - Nil**

**2.4.2 D Disclosures on Change in Ownership outside SDR Scheme- Nil**

**2.4.2 E Disclosures on Change in Ownership of Projects under Implementation - Nil**

**2.4.2. F Disclosures on the Scheme for Sustainable Structuring of Stressed Assets (S4A) - Nil**

**2.4.2. G Restructured accounts under MSME - One-time restructuring on 30.09.2019**

Asset status	No of accounts	Amount (₹ in Crore)
Standard	3	5.23
Substandard	1	0.37
<b>Total</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5.60</b>

**2.4.3.A. Details of financial assets sold to Securitization / Reconstruction Company for Asset Reconstruction**

**A. Details of Sales**

**(Amount in crore)**

<i>Particulars</i>		<i>Current year</i>	<i>Previous Year</i>
(i)	No. of accounts	1	Nil
(ii)	Aggregate value (net of provisions) of accounts sold to SC/RC	1.65	
(iii)	Aggregate consideration	1.65	
(iv)	Additional consideration realized in respect of accounts transferred in earlier years	Nil	
(v)	Aggregate gain / loss over net book value	Nil	

**2.4.3 B Book value of investments in Security receipts**

**(₹ in Crore)**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Backed by NPAs/ SMAs sold by the bank as underlying</b>		<b>Backed by NPAs/ SMA/ SMA2 sold by other banks/ financial institutions/ non-banking financial companies as underlying</b>		<b>Total</b>	
	30.09.2019	31.03.2019	30.09.2019	31.03.2019	30.09.2019	31.03.2019
	Book value of investments in security receipts	196.93	211.02	---	---	196.93

**2.4.3 C Ageing of investments held as Security receipts and provision held**

	<b>Particulars</b>	<b>SRs issued within past 5 years</b>	<b>SRs issued more than 5 years ago but within past 8 years</b>	<b>SRs issued more than 8 years ago</b>
I	Book value of SRs backed by NPAs/SMAs sold by the bank as underlying	74.76	122.17	Nil
	Provision held against (i)	11.42	58.30	Nil
ii	Book value of SRs backed by NPAs sold by other banks / financial institutions / non-banking financial companies as underlying	Nil	Nil	Nil
	Provision held against (ii)	Nil	Nil	Nil
	<b>Total (i+ii)</b>	<b>74.76</b>	<b>122.17</b>	<b>Nil</b>

**2.4.4 Details of non-performing financial assets purchased/sold from/to other banks- Nil.**

**2.4.5 Provisions on Standard Assets**

(₹ in Crore)

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>30.09.2019</b>	<b>31.03.2019</b>
Provisions held towards Standard Assets	49.28	47.24

**2.5 Business Ratio**

*(As compiled by the management and relied upon by the auditors)*

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>6 Months ended 30.09.2019</b>	<b>12 Months ended 31.03.2019</b>
(i) Interest Income as a percentage to Working Funds- Annualized	8.08	7.70
(ii) Non-interest income as a percentage to Working Funds- Annualized	0.93	0.78
(iii) Operating Profit as a percentage to Working Funds - Annualized	1.14	0.08
(iv) Return on Assets (%)-Annualized	0.49	(1.13)
(v) Business (Deposits plus advances) per employee	₹ 824.76 Lakhs	₹ 858.77 Lakhs
(vi) Profit /(Loss) per employee- Annualized	₹ 1.37 Lakhs	₹ (6.64) Lakhs

## 2.6 Asset Liability Management

### Maturity pattern of certain items of assets and liabilities

(As compiled by the management and relied upon by the auditors)

(₹ in Crore)

As on 30.09.2019	Day 1	2-7 Days	8 - 14 Days	15 to 30 days	31 days to 2 months	2 months to 3 months	Over 3 months & upto 6 months	Over 6 months & upto 1 year	Over 1 year & upto 3 years	Over 3 years & upto 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Deposits	60.30	104.60	155.88	109.49	270.72	175.59	325.20	206.57	4642.13	212.27	9247.06	15509.82
Advances	14.58	85.73	126.03	255.61	607.59	838.96	1496.37	2331.80	3633.59	1018.86	888.70	11297.84
Investments (Net)	82.20	49.53	95.42	0.41	49.22	0.31	220.99	53.32	37.23	368.84	3356.61	4,314.10
Borrowings	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Foreign Currency assets	74.76	29.95	4.88	19.23	97.97	34.47	151.27	5.74	4.22	-	-	422.49
Foreign Currency liabilities	65.05	16.78	5.12	12.36	116.34	50.43	57.85	38.73	49.50	10.24	0.09	422.49

Note: Deposits have been classified as per behavioural maturity.

## 2.7 Exposures

### 2.7.1 Exposure to Real Estate Sector

(As compiled by the management and relied upon by the auditors)

(₹ in Crore)

Category	30.09.2019	31.03.2019
<b>a) Direct exposure</b>		
(i) Residential Mortgages		
a) Priority sector	159.85	165.79
b) Non priority sector	204.84	216.54
(Of which staff housing loans)	(58.01)	(62.26)
c) Total	364.69	382.33
(ii) Commercial Real Estate	324.77	353.58
(iii) Investments in Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS) and other securitized exposures –		
a. Residential,	Nil	Nil
b. Commercial Real Estate.	Nil	Nil
<b>b) Indirect Exposure</b>		
Fund based and non-fund based exposures on National Housing Bank (NHB) and Housing Finance Companies (HFCs)	1073.40	1068.83
<b>Total Exposure to Real Estate Sector</b>	<b>1762.86</b>	<b>1804.74</b>

### 2.7.2 Exposure to Capital Market

(As compiled by the management and relied upon by the auditors)

(₹ in Crore)

Sl No	Items	30.09.2019	31.03.2019
1	Direct investment in equity shares, convertible bonds, convertible debentures and units of equity oriented mutual funds the corpus of which is not exclusively invested in corporate debt	0.92	0.92
2	Advances against shares/bonds/debentures of other securities or on clean basis to individuals for investment in shares (including IPOs/ESOPs), convertible bonds, convertible debentures and units of equity oriented mutual funds	0.25	0.25
3	Advances for any other purposes where shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds are taken as primary security	0.00	0.00
4	Advances for any other purposes to the extent secured by the collateral security of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds i.e. where the primary security other than shares/convertible bonds/convertible debentures/units of equity oriented mutual funds does not fully cover the advances	Nil	Nil
5	Secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarantees issued on behalf of stockbrokers and market makers	Nil	Nil

6	Loans sanctioned to corporate against the security of shares/bonds/debentures or other securities or on clean basis for meeting promoter's contribution to the equity of new companies in anticipation of raising resources	Nil	Nil
7	Bridge loans to companies against expected equity flows/issues	Nil	Nil
8	Underwriting commitments taken up by the banks in respect of primary issue of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds	Nil	Nil
9	Financing to stock brokers for margin trading	Nil	Nil
10	All exposures to Venture Capital Funds (both registered and unregistered)	Nil	Nil
<b>Total Exposure to Capital Market</b>		<b>1.17</b>	<b>1.17</b>

### 2.7.3 Risk category wise country exposure \*

(As compiled by the management and relied upon by the auditors)

(₹ in Crore)

Risk Category	Exposure (Net) as at 30.09.2019	Provision held as at 30.09.2019	Exposure (Net) as at 31.03.2019	Provision held as at 31.03.2019
Insignificant	119.83	Nil	32.94	Nil
Low	7.72	Nil	9.75	Nil
Moderately Low	0.00	Nil	0.00	Nil
Moderate	0.07	Nil	0.23	Nil
Moderately High	0.00	Nil	0.00	Nil
High	0.00	Nil	Nil	Nil
Very High	0.00	Nil	Nil	Nil
<b>Total</b>	<b>127.62</b>	<b>Nil</b>	<b>42.92</b>	<b>Nil</b>

\* Based on categorization followed by Export Credit Guarantee Corporation of India Ltd

The bank is not having exposure to any country where the net funded exposure is 1 percent or more of the total assets and hence no provisioning is necessary for country risk, in accordance with the RBI guidelines.

### 2.7.4 Details of Single Borrower Limit (SBL), Group Borrower Limit (GBL) exceeded by the bank.

(₹ in Crore)

Name of Borrower	Exposure as on 30.09.2019			Exposure as on 31.03.2019		
	Advance Exposure	Investment Exposure	Total Exposure	Advance Exposure	Investment Exposure	Total Exposure
Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

### 2.7.5 Unsecured Advances

Total amount of advances for which intangible securities such as charge over the rights, licenses, authorization etc. are available to the bank is Nil.

### 2.8 Miscellaneous

#### Amount of Provisions made for Income-tax during the year

(₹ in Crore)

	30.09.2019	31.03.2019
Provision for Income Tax(including Deferred Tax)	24.66	(102.68)

### 2.8.1 Disclosure of Penalties imposed by RBI

(a) The RBI had imposed an aggregate penalty of ₹ 1,200/- (on various dates) during the half year 2019-20 on account of discrepancies detected in the remittance of soiled notes at RBI by Ernakulam Currency Chest (PY 2018-19-Penalty of Rs. 1450/- for discrepancies detected in the remittance of soiled notes and Rs. 4 crore for delay in adherence of RBI directives)

2.8.2 : Appropriation of profits to various reserves as per RBI guidelines are to be made based on profit for the year and hence no appropriation is done in the accounts for the half year ended 30.09.2019.

### 3. Disclosures as per Accounting Standards where RBI has issued Guidelines in respect of items for 'Notes to Accounts'

#### 3.1 Accounting Standard 15 (Revised) –Employee Benefits

##### 3.1.1 Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans – Provident Fund & New Pension Scheme (Contributory)

Contributions to employee provident fund and new pension scheme (contributory), debited to Profit & Loss Account during the half year amounts to ₹ 3.55Crore(Previous Year - ₹ 6.49 Crore). There is no deficit in the Provident Fund Trust.

##### 3.1.2 Disclosures for Defined Benefit Plans – Pension, Gratuity & Long term Compensated Absences (Privilege Leave)

###### 3.1.2.1 Amount recognized in Balance Sheet and Profit & Loss Account

The amount recognized in the balance sheet is as follows:

(₹ in Crore)

	Pension		Gratuity		Long term Compensated Absences (Privilege Leave)	
	HY 19-20	2018-19	HY 19-20	2018-19	HY 19-20	2018-19
Present Value of Obligations – Closing	177.88	197.91	48.70	59.70	22.07	25.49
Fair Value of Plan Assets - Closing	157.20	147.31	56.88	52.07	N.A	N.A
Funded Status	20.68	50.60	(8.17)	7.63	22.07	25.49
Net Liability (Asset) recognized in Balance Sheet (included in Item No IV- Others of Schedule 5 – Other Liabilities & Provisions)	20.68	50.60	(8.17)	7.63	22.07	25.49

The amount recognized in the statement of profit and loss account is as follows: (₹ in Crore)

	Pension		Gratuity		Long term Compensated Absences (Privilege Leave)	
	HY 19-20	2018-19	HY 19-20	2018-19	HY 19-20	2018-19
Current Service Cost	16.59	37.66	1.32	2.79	10.53	9.44
Past Service Cost	N.A.	N.A.	0.00	0.00	N.A.	N.A.
Interest Cost	5.03	13.30	1.91	3.92	0.81	1.58
Expected Return on Plan Assets	(5.52)	(21.30)	(1.95)	(5.54)	N.A.	N.A.
Net Actuarial Loss/(Gain) recognized in the year	39.92	82.00	(1.54)	27.82	-6.76	4.75
Total, (included in Item I. "Payment to and provisions for employees" of Schedule 16 - Operating Expenses)*	56.02	111.66	(0.27)	28.99	4.58	15.77

### 3.1.2.2 Changes in Fair Value of Plan Assets

(₹ in Crore)

	Pension		Gratuity		Long term Compensated Absences (Privilege Leave)	
	HY 19-20	2018-19	HY 19-20	2018-19	HY 19-20	2018-19
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the beginning of the year	147.31	284.06	52.07	73.82	N.A.	N.A.
Expected Return on Plan Assets	5.52	21.30	1.95	5.54	N.A.	N.A.
Contributions	85.94	59.13	15.54	23.26	8.00	22.81
Benefits Paid	94.86	209.67	17.68	46.78	8.00	22.81
Actuarial (Loss)/Gain	13.29	(7.51)	5.00	(3.77)	N.A.	N.A.
Fair Value of Plan Assets at the end of the half year/year	157.20	147.31	56.88	52.07	N.A.	N.A.

### 3.1.2.3 Changes in Present Value of Obligations

(₹ in Crore)

	Pension		Gratuity		Long term Compensated Absences (Privilege Leave)	
	HY 19-20	2018-19	HY 19-20	2018-19	HY 19-20	2018-19
Present Value of Obligations at the beginning of the year	197.91	282.13	59.70	75.72	25.49	32.53
Interest Cost	5.03	13.30	1.91	3.92	0.81	1.58
Current Service Cost	16.59	37.66	1.32	2.79	10.53	9.44
Past Service Cost	N.A.	N.A.	0.00	0.00	N.A.	N.A.
Benefits Paid	94.86	209.67	17.68	46.78	8.00	22.81
Actuarial Loss/(Gain)	53.21	74.49	3.46	24.05	(6.76)	4.75
Present Value of Obligations at the end of the half year /year	177.88	197.91	48.70	59.70	22.07	25.49

### 3.1.2.4 Movement in Net Liability Recognized in Balance Sheet

(₹ in Crore)

	Pension		Gratuity		Long term Compensated Absences (Privilege Leave)	
	HY 19-20	2018-19	HY 19-20	2018-19	HY 19-20	2018-19
Net Liability at the beginning of the period	50.60	(1.93)	7.63	1.90	25.49	32.53
Add Expenses Charged to Profit & Loss Account	56.02	111.66	(0.27)	28.99	4.58	15.77
Less Contributions	85.94	59.13	15.54	23.26	8.00	22.81
Net Liability (Asset) at the end of the period	20.68	50.60	(8.17)	7.63	22.07	25.49

### 3.1.2.5 Actual Return on Plan Assets

(₹ in Crore)

	Pension		Gratuity		Long term Compensated Absences (Privilege Leave)	
	HY 19-20	2018-19	HY 19-20	2018-19	HY 19-20	2018-19
Expected Return on Plan Assets	5.52	21.30	1.95	5.54	N.A.	N.A.
Actuarial Gain (Loss)	46.00	(7.51)	5.00	(3.77)	N.A.	N.A.
Actual Return on Plan Assets	51.52	13.79	6.95	1.77	N.A.	N.A.

### 3.1.2.6 Actuarial Assumptions

	Pension		Gratuity		Long term Compensated Absences (Privilege Leave)	
	HY 19-20	2018-19	HY 19-20	2018-19	HY 19-20	2018-19
Discount Rate (p.a.)	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%
Expected Return on Plan Assets (p.a.)	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	N.A	N.A
Future Salary Increases (p.a.)	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
Mortality	In accordance with the standard table LIC (1994-96).		In accordance with the standard table LIC (1994-96).		In accordance with the standard table LIC (1994-96).	

### 3.1.2.7 Investment Percentage maintained by Pension & Gratuity Trust

	Pension		Gratuity	
	As on 30.09.2019	As on 31.03.2019	As on 30.09.2019	As on 31.03.2019
Life Insurance Companies	93.81%	96.56%	90.63%	93.60%
Central Govt. Securities	--	--	--	--
State Govt. Securities	2.07%	1.75%	--	--
Other Trust Securities (PSU)/Deposits with Banks etc.	4.12%	1.69%	9.37%	6.40%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

### 3.1.2.8 Experience Adjustments

(₹ in Crore)

#### (i) Pension

	HY 19-20	March 31			
		2019	2018	2017	2016
Defined Benefit Obligations	177.88	197.92	282.13	315.52	320.48
Plan Assets	157.20	147.31	284.06	286.94	287.55
Surplus/(Deficit )	(20.68)	(50.61)	1.93	(28.58)	(32.93)
Experience adjustments on Plan Liabilities	53.21	71.93	6.83	(22.11)	(44.83)
Experience Adjustments on Plan Assets	13.29	(7.21)	(8.61)	20.53	6.29

#### (ii) Gratuity

(₹ in Crore)

	HY 19-20	March 31			
		2019	2018	2017	2016
Defined Benefit Obligations	48.70	59.70	75.72	80.27	85.70
Plan Assets	56.87	52.07	73.82	81.14	71.06
Surplus/(Deficit )	8.17	(7.63)	(1.90)	0.87	(14.64)
Experience adjustments on Plan Liabilities	3.46	23.04	(2.13)	(4.96)	(18.77)
Experience Adjustments on Plan Assets	5.00	(3.62)	(2.27)	5.34	0.53

### 3.1.2.9 Expected Contributions

Bank's best estimates of contributions to the funds for FY 19-20 are as follows:

Pension: ₹70.66 Crore

Gratuity: ₹ 15.81Crore

### 3.1.3 Other Long term Employee Benefits

- As on 30.09.2019, the Bank holds provision of ₹ 4.57Crore(Previous Year - ₹ 4.34 Crore) towards provision for Sick Leave and Leave Fare Concession based on actuarial valuation.

### 3.2 Accounting Standard 17 – Segment Reporting

#### Part A: Business Segments

(As compiled by the management and relied upon by the auditors)

#### Segment Reporting: Business segments

(Rs. in Crore)

Business Segments	Treasury		Corporate/Wholesale Banking		Retail Banking		Other Banking Business		Total	
	Half Year ended 30.09.2019	Year ended 31.03.2019								
Revenue	174.68	371.05	212.75	346.36	420.46	748.55	8.82	17.48	816.71	1,483.43
Result	51.55	(178.11)	55.35	48.55	97.26	142.52	2.51	0.41	103.57	13.36
Unallocated expenses									-	NIL
Operating profit									103.57	13.36
Provisions other than tax									-	313.45
Provision for Tax									34.64	(102.68)
Extraordinary profit/loss									24.66	(197.42)
Net profit / Loss									-	NIL
OTHER INFORMATION									44.27	(197.42)
Segment assets	4,442.68	4,316.83	15,820.31	4,256.64	7,310.96	7,240.27	15,820.31	6.58	16,706.34	15,820.31
Unallocated assets									1,049.14	1,090.84
Total assets									<b>17,755.48</b>	<b>16,911.16</b>
Segment liabilities	168.71	99.82	16,638.81	2,144.34	12,069.21	14,379.12	16,638.81	15.53	17,562.78	16,638.81
Unallocated liabilities									192.70	272.35
Total liabilities									<b>17,755.48</b>	<b>16,911.16</b>

RBI wide direction RBI/2018-19/128 DBR.DIR.BC.No.27/13.03.00/2018-19 dated February 22, 2019, modified the definition of bulk deposits from Single Rupee term deposits of Rupees one crore and above to Single Rupee term deposits of Rupees two crore and above. The Corporate/wholesale liabilities for the year end 31.03.2019 has been arrived at using the new definition. Previous year figures have not been restated in this regard.

<b>Part B: Geographic segments</b>
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The Bank has no branches outside India.
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### 3.3 Accounting Standard 18 – Related Party disclosures

#### (i) Name of the related party and details of the transactions

Name of the Related Party	Nature of Relationship	Nature of the related Party transaction
Shri. C. VR Rajendran, Managing Director &CEO	Key Management Personnel	Remuneration paid
Finsigma Inclusive Services Pvt. Ltd( FISPL)	Common Director - Shri. Madhavan Aravamuthan	Business Correspondents Tie up with FISPL

#### ii) Name of the related party with whom transactions are proposed

Name of the Related Party	Nature of Relationship	Nature of the related Party transaction proposed
Thomas Cook (India) Limited (TCIL)	<p>Subsidiary of Fairbridge Capital (Mauritius) Limited (FCML)</p> <p>FCML is associate of FIH Mauritius Investments Ltd (“FIH-M”). FIH-M is holding 50.09 % in the paid up capital of the Bank as on September 30, 2019. Details of their other holdings are disclosed in 1.1.of Schedule 18- Notes on accounts.</p>	Tie-up with TCIL for issuance of Co-branded Multicurrency Pre-paid Foreign Exchange Travel Card (Refer Note No. 4 below )

#### (iii)Name of the other related parties

Sr. No	Name of the Entity	Relationship
1.	Fairfax India Holdings Corporation (“FIHC”)	Parent Company of FIH-M
2.	Fairfax Financial Holdings Limited (“FFH”)	Ultimate parent Company of FIH-M
3.	FIH Private Investments Ltd	Wholly owned subsidiary of FIH-M
4.	I Investments Limited	Wholly owned subsidiary of FIH-M
5.	Fairbridge Capital (Mauritius) Limited (“FCML”)	Affiliate of FIH-M
6.	Fairbridge Investments (Mauritius) Limited	Wholly owned subsidiary of FCML
7.	Fairbridge Capital Private Limited	Investee Company of FCML
8.	HWIC Asia Fund	Affiliate of FIH-M
9.	H Investments Limited	Wholly owned subsidiary of HWIC Asia Fund
10.	HW Private Investments Limited	Wholly owned subsidiary of HWIC Asia Fund
11.	FAL Corporation	Affiliate of FIH-M
12.	Go Digit Infoworks Services Private Limited (“GDISPL”)	Investee Company of FAL Corporation
13.	ANT Success Company Limited	Investee Company of FAL Corporation
14.	O.R.E Holdings Limited	Affiliate of FIH-M
15.	Fairchem Speciality Limited	Investee Company of FIH-M
16.	National Collateral Management Services Limited	Investee Company of FIH-M
17.	IIFL Finance Limited	Investee Company of FIH-M
18.	IIFL Securities Limited	Investee Company of FIH-M
19.	IIFL Wealth Management Limited	Investee Company of FIH-M
20.	Sanmar Engineering Services Limited	Investee Company of FIH-M
21.	Saurashtra Freight Private Limited	Investee Company of FIH-M
22.	Bangalore International Airport Limited	Investee Company of FIH-M
23.	5Paisa Capital Limited	Investee Company of FIH-M
24.	Seven Islands Shipping Limited	Investee Company of FIH-M

Sr. No	Name of the Entity	Relationship
25.	Anchorage Infrastructure Investments Holdings Limited	Wholly owned subsidiary of FIH-M

#### Notes

1. As there was only one related party in the each category, the Bank is required to disclose only the relationship with that related party in terms of Reserve Bank of India guidelines No.DBOD.No.BP.BC/89/21.04.018/2002-03 dated March 29, 2003 on compliance with Accounting Standards (AS) by Banks.
2. In terms of circular referred in Point No.1 of the above, Key Management Personnel (KMP) are the whole time directors of the Bank.
3. The normal transactions of the Bank with related parties as constituents are not reckoned for the purpose of disclosure.
4. Though the Board has approved the Tie-up with TCIL in FY 2019, no transaction has been entered into with TCIL till 30.09.2019 .

#### 3.4 Accounting Standard 22 – Accounting for Taxes on Income

Net Deferred Tax Asset as on 30.09.2019 , computed in compliance with the Accounting Standard 22 on Accounting for Taxes on Income, amounts to ₹ 259.48Crore, which is included in Item No.5 “Others” of Schedule 11-Other Assets.

Components of Net Deferred Tax Asset as on 30.09.2019 are as follows:

(₹ in Crore)

	30.09.2019	31.03.2019
<b>Deferred Tax Asset</b>		
Provision for Employee Benefits	11.83	13.70
Provision for Standard Assets	17.22	16.51
Provision for Bad & doubtful debts	0	57.85
Carry Forward Loss	238.11	204.54
Others	4.25	4.15
<b>Total Deferred Tax Asset</b>	<b>271.40</b>	<b>296.75</b>
<b>Deferred Tax Liability</b>		
Depreciation on Fixed Assets	3.62	4.31
Special Reserve u/s 36 (1)(viii)	8.30	8.30
<b>Total Deferred Tax Liability</b>	<b>11.92</b>	<b>12.61</b>
<b>Net Deferred Tax Asset</b>	<b>259.48</b>	<b>284.14</b>

Under section 115BAA of the Income Tax Act, 1961 as introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Ordinance, 2019, option is available for lower tax rate for the Bank. Considering the availability of time to exercise the option and pending clarity in certain aspects, the Bank has not exercised the option while drawing the results for the half year ended 30.09.2019. Accordingly, the Bank has recognized Provision for Income Tax and Deferred tax for the half year ended September 30, 2019 as per rates prescribed by Finance Act 2019.

#### 3.5 Accounting Standard 5 – Net Profit or Loss for the period, Prior Period Items and Changes in Accounting Policies – Nil

#### 3.6 Accounting Standard 9 – Revenue Recognition, Accounting Standard 21 - Consolidated Financial Statements (CFS), Accounting Standard 23 - Accounting for Investments in Associates in Consolidated Financial Statements, Accounting Standard 24 - Discontinuing Operations - NIL

#### 3.7 Accounting Standard 25 - Interim Financial Reporting

Bank has complied with the disclosures in connection with the half yearly review prescribed by RBI

## 4 Other Accounting Standards

### 4.1 Accounting Standard 10 – Property, Plant & Equipment

#### i) Disclosure related to revaluation of land and building owned by the bank.

(a) the effective date of the revaluation - 31.03.2016

(b) whether an independent valuer was involved - Land and building was valued by two independent valuers. Lower of the value arrived by the valuers is taken as the revalued amount.

(c) the methods and significant assumptions applied in estimating fair values of the items;

Asset	Details	Valuer 1	Valuer 2
Building	Method	Plinth area rates of CPWD	Plinth area method applicable to the type of structure, specification, services, amenities
	Depreciation	Based on the present condition and age of building.	Based on the age, condition and maintenance of the building
	Valuation	Plinth area rates of previous valuation taken as base rate	Composite market rate
Land	Method	Based on local enquiries, transactions in recent, past and valuers best of judgement	Based on location, level/shape/extent of the land, infrastructure /civic amenities availability, width of the abutting road, water potentialty, etc.
	Valuation	Present market value	Prevailing market rate based on the above

(d) the extent to which fair values of the items were determined directly by reference to observable prices in an active market or recent market transactions on arm's length terms or were estimated using other valuation techniques - Fair value as explained in item (c) above

(e) the revaluation surplus, indicating the change for the period and any restrictions on the distribution of the balance to shareholders

Revaluation surplus as on 30.09.2019 – ₹ 157.11 Crore

Change for the period – ₹ 0.71 Crore (transferred from Revaluation Reserve to General Reserves)

### 4.2 Accounting Standard 19 – Leases

The properties taken on lease/rental basis are renewable/ cancellable at the option of the Bank

### 4.3 Accounting Standard 20 – Earnings per Share

Particulars	HY 19-20	2018-19
EPS-Basic /Diluted-Annualized	₹7.70	₹ (23.73)
Amount used as numerator- Profit / (Loss)after Tax (in crore)	₹ 44.27	(197.42)
Nominal value per Equity Share	₹ 10	₹ 10
Weighted Average Number of Equity Shares used as denominator	11,46,82,401	8,31,89,801

#### 4.4 Accounting Standard 26 – Intangible Assets

The bank has complied with AS 26 (Intangible Assets) and the disclosures required under the Standard are as follows:

	(₹ in Crore)	
	30.09.2019	31.03.2019
<b>a) Acquired Application Software</b>		
Opening Balance at cost	26.69	20.85
Add Additions during the year	1.90	5.84
Less Disposals during the year	0.00	0.00
Less Amortisation to date	17.52	15.68
<b>Net Carrying Amount</b>	<b>11.07</b>	<b>11.01</b>
<b>b) Internally Generated Software</b>		
Opening Balance at cost	16.51	14.66
Add Additions during the year	0.73	1.85
Less Disposals during the year	Nil	Nil
Less Amortisation to date	12.94	12.29
<b>Net Carrying Amount</b>	<b>4.30</b>	<b>4.22</b>
<b>Total Carrying Amount</b>	<b>15.37</b>	<b>15.23</b>

#### 4.5 Accounting Standard 28 - Impairment of Assets

In the opinion of the bank/as per valuation reports from approved valuers, there is no material impairment to the fixed assets as at 30.09.2019 requiring recognition in terms of Accounting Standard 28 – Impairment of Assets.

#### 4.6 Accounting Standard 29- Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Movements in significant provision heads have been disclosed at appropriate places in the Notes forming part of the accounts.

##### 4.6.1 Description of Contingent Liabilities

a) Claims against the bank not acknowledged as debts

These represent claims filed against the Bank in the normal course of business relating to various legal cases currently in progress. These also include demands raised by Income tax and other statutory authorities and disputed by the bank.

b) Liability on account of forward exchange and derivative contracts

The Bank enters into foreign exchange contracts, (currency swaps, Forward exchange contracts and currency futures) on its own account and forward exchange contracts for customers. Forward exchange contracts are commitments to buy or sell foreign currency at a future date at the contracted rate.

c) Guarantee given on behalf of constituents

As a part of its banking activities, the Bank issues guarantees on behalf of its customers to enhance their credit standing. Guarantees represent irrevocable assurances that the Bank will make payments in the event of the customer failing to fulfill its financial or performance obligation.

d) Acceptances, endorsements and other obligations

These include documentary credit issued by the bank on behalf of its customers and bills drawn by the Bank's customers that are accepted or endorsed by the Bank.

e) Other items for which the bank is contingently liable

Includes income tax/service tax appeals filed by the bank, capital commitments and amount transferred to RBI under the Depositor Education and Awareness Fund (DEAF).

f) The Bank's pending litigations comprise of claims against the Bank by the clients and proceedings pending with Income Tax Authorities. The Bank has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed the contingent liabilities where applicable, in its financial statements. The Bank does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect on its financial results.

Refer schedule 12 for amounts relating to contingent liability.

## 5. Additional Disclosures as per RBI Guidelines

### 5.1 Details of provisions and contingencies debited in Profit and Loss Account during the Year

(₹ in Crore)

	30.09.2019	31.03.2019
a) Provisions towards NPA/write offs	29.83	261.72
b) Depreciation and write off of investments	2.40	35.25
c) Provision for Income tax (Including Deferred Tax)	24.66	(102.68)
d) Provision for Standard Assets	2.04	12.92
e) Provision for diminution on Restructured Advances	0.03	0.21
f) Other provisions	0.34	3.35
<b>Total</b>	<b>59.30</b>	<b>210.77</b>

### 5.2 Floating Provisions

a) Opening Balance in floating provisions account	Nil
b) Quantum of floating provisions made in the accounting year	Nil
c) Purpose & amount of draw down made during the accounting year	Nil
d) Closing balance in floating provisions account	Nil

### 5.3 Draw Down from Reserves -

The Bank has not drawn from Reserves any amount from general reserves

### 5.4 Disclosure of complaints

#### A. Customer Complaints (Other than ATM)

	30.09.2019	31.03.2019
a) No. of complaints pending at the beginning of the year	30	25
b) No. of complaints received during the half year/year	2396	445
c) No. of complaints redressed during the half year/year	2370	440
d) No. of complaints pending at the end of the year	56	30

#### B. ATM Complaints

	30.09.2019	31.03.2019
a) No. of ATMs complaints pending at the beginning of the year	Nil	Nil
b) No. of ATMs complaints received during the half year/year	11228	22892
c) No. of ATMs complaints redressed during the year half/year	11228	22892
d) No. of ATMs complaints pending at the end of the year	Nil	Nil

### C. Awards passed by the Banking Ombudsman

	30.09.2019	31.03.2019
a) No. of unimplemented Awards at the beginning of the year	Nil	Nil
b) No. of Awards passed by the Banking Ombudsmen during the half year/year	1	Nil
c) No. of Awards implemented during the half year/year	1	Nil
d) No. of unimplemented Awards at the end of the half year/year	Nil	Nil

### 5.5 Disclosure of Letter of Comforts (LOCs) issued by banks

Not applicable since the bank has no subsidiaries.

### 5.6 Provisioning Coverage Ratio

	As on 30.09.2019	As on 31.03.2019
Provisioning Coverage Ratio	79.45%	78.16%

### 5.7 Income from Bancassurance

Sl.No.	Nature of Income	(₹ in Crore)	
		6 months ended 30.09.2019	12 months ended 31.03.2019
1.	From Selling Life Insurance Policies	4.59	9.35
2.	From Selling Non Life Insurance Policies	0.06	0.27
3.	From Selling Mutual Fund Products	0.00	0.00
4.	Others	Nil	Nil
5.	Total	<b>4.65</b>	<b>9.62</b>

### 5.8 Concentration of Deposits, Advances, Exposures and NPAs

#### 5.8.1 Concentration of Deposits

	As on 30.09.2019	As on 31.03.2019
Total Deposits of twenty largest depositors (₹ in Crore)	1081.58	1036.43
Percentage of Deposits of twenty largest depositors to Total Deposits of the bank	6.97%	6.85%

#### 5.8.2 Concentration of Advances

	As on 30.09.2019	As on 31.03.2019
Total Advances of twenty largest borrowers (₹ in Crore)	1812.10	1619.67
Percentage of Advances to twenty largest borrowers to Total Advances of the bank	15.47%	13.50%

#### 5.8.3 Concentration of Exposures

	As on 30.09.2019	As on 31.03.2019
Total Exposures to twenty largest borrowers/customers (₹ in Crore)	1853.62	1681.06

Percentage of Exposures to twenty largest borrowers/customers to Total Exposure of the bank on borrowers/customers	14.86%	13.53%
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#### 5.8.4 Concentration of NPAs

	(₹ in Crore)	
	As on 30.09.2019	As on 31.03.2019
Total Exposures to top four NPA Accounts	36.13	35.58

#### 5.9 Sector-wise advances

(As compiled by the management and relied upon by the auditors)

(Amount in Crore)

Priority Sector	Outstanding Total Advances	Gross NPA	Gross NPA (%)
Agriculture and allied activities	2043.16	41.02	2.01
Advances to industries sector eligible as priority sector lending	471.30	50.40	10.69
Services	1015.90	121.92	12.00
Personal loans	346.65	18.07	5.21
<b>Sub-total(A)</b>	<b>3877.01</b>	<b>231.40</b>	<b>5.97</b>
<b>Non Priority Sector</b>			
Agriculture and allied activities	32.33	0.30	0.94
Industry	512.32	2.20	0.43
Services	3256.73	31.00	0.95
Personal loans	3724.44	61.30	1.65
<b>Sub-total(B)</b>	<b>7525.82</b>	<b>94.80</b>	<b>1.26</b>
<b>Total (A+B)</b>	<b>11402.83</b>	<b>326.20</b>	<b>2.86</b>

#### 5.10 Movement of NPA

(₹ in Crore)

Particulars	HY 19-20	2018-19
Opening Balance of Gross NPA	530.62	764.13
Additions (Fresh NPAs) during the half year/ year	84.90	197.45
Sub-total (A)	615.52	961.58
Less:-		
(i) Upgradations	15.14	33.20
(ii) Recoveries (excluding recoveries made from upgraded accounts)	59.29	97.75
(iii) Technical/ Prudential Write-offs	205.57	279.76
(iv) Write-offs other than those under (iii) above	9.31	20.25
Sub-total (B)	289.31	430.96
Closing balance of Gross NPA (A - B)	326.21	530.62

#### 5.11 Movement of technical write offs and recoveries:

(₹ in Crore)

Particulars	HY 19-20	2018-19
Opening balance of technical/prudential written off accounts	571.15	327.20
Add: Technical/Prudential write-offs during the year	205.57	279.76
Sub-total(A)	776.72	606.96

Less-Recoveries/ write off made from previously technical/Prudential written offs accounts during the year (including sale to ARCs)(B)(1)	25.17	35.81
Closing balance (A-B)	<b>751.55</b>	<b>571.15</b>

## 5.12 Overseas Assets, NPAs and Revenue

(₹ in Crore)

Particulars	30.09.2019	31.03.2019
Total Assets	101.11	10.42
Total NPAs	Nil	Nil
Total Revenues	0.78	0.98

## 5.13 Off-balance Sheet SPVs sponsored

(which are required to be consolidated as per accounting norms): Nil

## 5.14 Disclosure on Remuneration

<b>Qualitative disclosures</b>	(a)	<p>Information relating to the composition and mandate of the Nomination &amp; Remuneration Committee.</p> <p>Composition The Nomination &amp; Remuneration Committee of the Board comprises of majority of independent directors.</p> <p>Function and mandate The Nomination &amp; Remuneration Committee of the Board inter alia, oversee the framing, review and implementation of compensation policy of the Bank including ESOS of the bank on behalf of the Board.</p> <p>The Committee should ensure that:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the cost/income ratio of the bank supports the remuneration package consistent with maintenance of sound capital adequacy ratio;</li> <li>• the level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate directors of the quality required to run the bank successfully;</li> <li>• relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks; and</li> <li>• remuneration to directors, key managerial personnel and senior management involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long-term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the company and its goals.</li> </ul>
	(b)	<p>Information relating to the design and structure of remuneration processes and the key features and objectives of remuneration policy.</p> <p>Process The Nomination &amp; Remuneration Committee works in close co-ordination with the Risk Management Committee of the Board to review the compensation practices every year in order to achieve effective alignment between remuneration and risks. The Nomination &amp; Remuneration Committee will study the business and</p>

	<p>industry environment, analyze and categorize the risks and streamline the components of the compensation plan like proportion of the total variable compensation to be paid to MD &amp; CEO, WTD's and Senior executives to ensure financial stability of the organization.</p> <p>Authority to invoke clawback arrangement</p> <p>The Nomination &amp; Remuneration Committee of the Board also have the authority to ascertain whether the decision taken by the MD&amp; CEO, WTD, Senior executives/ officers (Non IBA Package) have brought forth a negative contribution to the Bank. The Committee has vested with the powers to invoke the clawback arrangement, after taking into account relevant statutory and regulatory stipulations as applicable.</p> <p>Objectives</p> <p>The objectives of the remuneration policy are four fold:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To align compensation with prudent risk taken.</li> <li>• To ensure effective governance of the compensation in the organization.</li> <li>• To ensure effective supervisory oversight and stakeholder engagement in compensation.</li> <li>• To attract and retain talent.</li> </ul> <p>Key features</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To actively oversee the compensation systems design and operation.</li> <li>• To monitor and review the compensation system to ensure that the system operates as intended.</li> <li>• Staff engaged in financial and risk control must be independent, have appropriate authority, and be compensated in a manner that is independent of the business areas they oversee and commensurate with their key role in the firm.</li> <li>• Supervisory review of compensation practices must be rigorous and sustained and deficiencies must be addressed promptly with supervisory action.</li> <li>• Firms must disclose clear comprehensive and timely information about their compensation practices to facilitate constructive engagement by all stakeholders.</li> </ul>
(c)	<p>Description of the ways in which current and future risks are taken into account in the remuneration processes. It should include the nature and type of the key measures used to take account of these risks.</p> <p>For the purpose of effectively aligning compensation structure with risk outcomes, the functionaries in the institution are arranged under the following four categories.</p>

- 1) Managing Director & CEO
- 2) Senior Executives (Risk control and compliance staff) -Non IBA Package
- 3) Senior / Other Officers - Non IBA Package
- 4) Other officers and staff -On IBA package

#### Clawback Arrangement/Compensation Recovery

A clawback arrangement or a compensation recovery is provided in the policy [MD & CEO, WTD's and Senior executives/ officers (Non IBA Package)] which will entail the Bank to recover proportionate amount of variable compensation paid to the functionaries on account of an act or decision taken by the official which has brought forth a negative contribution to the bank at a prospective stage. The clawback arrangement is subject to the relevant statutory and regulatory stipulations as applicable.

#### Limit on variable pay

As per the policy, the variable compensation offered to an official would not exceed 70% of the total fixed compensation in a year.

#### Severance pay and guaranteed bonus

As per the policy, severance pay (other than gratuity or terminal entitlements or as entitled by statute) is not paid to any official of the organization except in those cases where it is mandatory by statute.

Sign on bonus or joining bonus is limited to the first year and is paid only as Employee stock options.

#### Hedging

As per the policy, no compensation scheme or insurance facility would be provided by the Bank to employees to hedge their compensation structure to offset the risk alignment mechanism (deferral pay and clawback arrangements) embedded in their compensation arrangement.

#### Committees to mitigate risks caused by an individual decision

In order to further balance the impact of market or credit risks caused to the organization by an individual decision taken by a senior level executive, MD & CEO or a whole time director, the bank, as a promoted practice, has constituted various committees to take decisions on various aspects.

Credit limits are sanctioned by committees at different levels.

Investment decisions of the Bank are taken and monitored by Treasury & Investment Management Committee and there is an upper limit cut in treasury dealings where individual decisions can be taken.

Interest rates on Asset and liability products for different buckets are decided and monitored by the ALCO. Banks' exposure to liquidity risk are also monitored by ALCO.

		<p>Compensation of risk control staff</p> <p>Members of staff engaged in financial and risk control would be compensated in a manner that is independent of the business areas they oversee and commensurate with their key role in the bank. The mix of fixed and variable compensation for control function personnel should be weighted in favour of fixed compensation.</p>
	(d)	<p>Description of the ways in which the bank seeks to link performance during a performance measurement period with levels of remuneration.</p> <p>Compensation of MD &amp; CEO, whole time directors and senior executives (Non IBA), performance linkage As per the policy, the compensation paid out to the referred functionaries is divided into three components</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The fixed compensation is determined based on the industry standards, the exposure, skill sets, talent and qualification attained by the official over his/her career span.</li> <li>2. The variable compensation for MD &amp; CEO and senior executives on Non – IBA package basis are fixed based on performance and responsibility in the bank. The Bank’s performance is based on the various financial indicators like revenue earned, cost deployed, profit earned, NPA position and other intangible factors like leadership and employee development. Variable pay is paid purely based on performance.</li> <li>3. Employees Stock options as per the CSB Employees Stock Option Scheme 2013 (CSBESOS-2013) as approved by the Board.</li> </ol> <p>Approval from RBI is to be obtained to decide compensation for MD &amp; CEO/ whole time directors. The payment of compensation also requires approval of the shareholders of the Bank in the General Meeting pursuant to the Bank’s Articles of Association read with the Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013.</p> <p>Compensation paid to Other Officers and staff members on IBA package The compensation paid to other officials that include Award staff, Officers coming under Scale I to III and Senior executives coming under Scale IV to VII is fixed based on the periodic industry level settlements with Indian Banks Association. The variable compensation paid to functionaries is based on the Performance/Target Linked incentive scheme which has been formulated on the basis of performance parameters. The ESOP scheme may be extended to the employees referred herein and form part of the overall performance management program at the discretion of the Board. However, the grant of stock option is as per CSB Employees Stock Option Scheme.</p>
	(e)	<p>A discussion of the bank's policy on deferral and vesting of variable remuneration and a discussion of the bank's policy and criteria for adjusting deferred remuneration before vesting and after vesting.</p> <p>Deferred compensation and Performance Linkage (Non-IBA)</p> <p>In case of deferral arrangements of variable pay to MD &amp; CEO, WTD’s, Senior/other executives (Non IBA Package), the deferral period should not be less than three</p>

		years. Compensation payable under deferral arrangements should vest no faster than on a pro rata basis.			
		Clawback and deferral arrangements The provisions of clawback and deferral arrangements applicable to the referred functionaries (all Non IBA Package) are subject to relevant statutory and regulatory stipulations as applicable.			
	(f)	Description of the different forms of variable remuneration (i.e. cash, shares, ESOPs and other forms) that the bank utilizes and the rationale for using these different forms.  Bank uses an optimum mix of cash, ESOPS and variable pay to decide the compensation to MD & CEO /WTD and senior executives on Non – IBA package. This is done to align the compensation of senior staff with their performance, risk and responsibility taken in higher assignments. The Officers in Scale I-VII as well as Award staff come under the purview of IBA package that is as per the Industry wide settlements. The variable compensation paid to functionaries is based on the Target/ Performance Linked incentive scheme which has been formulated on the basis of performance parameters as may be prescribed from time to time. The ESOP scheme may be extended to the employees referred herein and form part of the overall performance management program at the discretion of the Board. However, the grant of stock option is as per CSB Employees Stock Option Scheme			
			Current Year (01.04.2019 to 30.09.2019)	Previous Year (FY 2018-19)	
<b>Quantitative disclosures</b> (The quantitative disclosures should only cover Whole Time Directors / Chief Executive Officer / Other Risk Takers)	(g)	Number of meetings held by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee during the half year and remuneration paid to its members.	6 ₹ 1,70,000	10 ₹ 2,60,000	
	(h)	(i)	Number of employees having received a variable remuneration award during the half year.	Nil	Nil
		(ii)	Number and total amount of sign-on awards made during the half year.	Nil	Nil
		(iii)	Details of guaranteed bonus, if any, paid as joining / sign on bonus	Nil	Nil
		(iv)	Details of severance pay, in addition to accrued benefits, if any.	Nil	Nil
	(i)	(i)	Total amount of outstanding deferred remuneration, split into cash, shares and share-linked instruments and other forms.	Nil	Nil
		(ii)	Total amount of deferred remuneration paid out in the half year.	Nil	Nil
	(j)	Breakdown of amount of remuneration awards for the half year to show fixed and	₹ 36,00,000 (Fixed )*#@	₹ 81,60,000 (Fixed )*#	

		variable, deferred and non-deferred (on payment basis).	Nil <sup>^</sup> (Variable )  Nil (Deferred & Non - Deferred)	Nil (Variable )  Nil (Deferred & Non - Deferred)
(k)	(i)	Total amount of outstanding deferred remuneration and retained remuneration exposed to ex post explicit and / or implicit adjustments.	Nil	Nil
	(ii)	Total amount of reductions during the half year due to ex- post explicit adjustments.	Nil	Nil
	(iii)	Total amount of reductions during the half year due to ex- post implicit adjustments.	Nil	Nil

\* Fixed remuneration includes salary, consolidated benefit allowance, residential accommodation, Leave travel concession (for the FY 2018-19) and Bank's contributions towards Provident fund.

# No grant of stock options is in force.

@ Bank, subject to prior approval of Reserve Bank of India in terms of Section 35B of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and other requisite approvals, resolved to increase the overall remuneration & perquisites of Shri. C.VR. Rajendran, Managing Director & CEO from the present limit of Rs.75 lac to Rs. 200 lac, with effect from April 1, 2019.

^ Bank, subject to prior approval of Reserve Bank of India in terms of Section 35B of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and other requisite approvals, resolved to recommend for a variable pay to the tune of Rs.45 lac to Shri. C.VR. Rajendran, Managing Director & CEO, which being 60 % of the gross annual salary for the period from April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019.

#### 5.15 Disclosures relating to Securitisation - Not applicable to the Bank at this stage.

#### 5.16 Credit Default Swaps – Nil

#### 5.17 Intra-Group Exposures - NA

#### 5.18 Transfers to Depositor Education and Awareness Fund (DEAF)

Unclaimed liabilities where amount due has been transferred to DEAF is reflected as "Contingent Liability - Others, items for which the bank is contingently liable" under Schedule 12 of the financial statements.

(₹ in Crore)

Particulars	30.09.2019	31.03.2019
Opening balance of amounts transferred to DEAF	42.71	35.86
Add : Amounts transferred to DEAF during the year	3.15	7.38
Less : Amounts reimbursed by DEAF towards claims	0.12	0.53
Closing balance of amounts transferred to DEAF	45.74	42.71

#### 5.19 Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure

##### (A) Provisioning

In terms of RBI Circular DBOD No.BP.BC.85/21.06.200/2013-14 dated 15<sup>th</sup> January 2014 and subsequent clarification vide circular DBOD No.BP.BC.116/21.06.200/2013-14 dated 3<sup>rd</sup> June 2014, based on the available data, available financial statements and declarations from borrowers wherever received, the bank is holding a provision of ₹ 0.03Crore (Previous Year –₹ 0.16Crore) towards Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposures.

**(B) Capital Held**

In terms of the aforementioned circulars, no additional capital is held towards unhedged foreign currency exposures. (Previous Year Nil)

**6 Liquidity Coverage Ratio**

(As compiled by the management and relied upon by the auditors)

**a) Quantitative Disclosures**

(₹ in crore)

		<b>Total Unweighted Value (average)</b>	<b>Total Weighted Value (average)</b>
	High Quality Liquid Assets		
1	Total High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)		3115.11
	Cash Outflows		
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	11712.18	1165.08
(i)	Stable deposits	122.84	6.14
(ii)	Less stable deposits	11589.34	1158.93
3	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	1257.33	342.25
(i)	Operational deposits (all counterparties)	0.00	0.00
(ii)	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	1257.33	342.25
(iii)	Unsecured debt	0.00	0.00
4	Secured wholesale funding	0.00	0.00
5	Additional requirements, of which	662.94	68.15
(i)	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	0.00	0.00
(ii)	outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	0.00	0.00
(iii)	Credit and liquidity facilities	662.94	68.15
6	Other contractual funding obligations	0.00	0.00
7	Other contingent funding obligations	228.44	6.85
8	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS		1582.33
	Cash Inflows		
9	Secured Lending (e.g. reverse repos)	67.62	0.00
10	Inflows from fully performing exposures	608.41	310.70
11	Other cash inflows	0.00	0.00
12	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	676.03	310.70
13	TOTAL HQLA		3115.11
14	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS		1271.63
15	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)		244.97%

**b) Qualitative disclosures****(i) Main drivers of LCR and evolution of contribution of inputs**

The Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) standard aims to ensure that a bank maintains an adequate level of unencumbered High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLAs) that can be converted into cash to meet its liquidity needs for a 30 days' time horizon under a significantly severe liquidity stress scenario, by which time it is assumed that proper corrective actions can be taken. The LCR position depends upon the level of High Quality Liquid Assets

(HQLA) and level of inflows and outflows in 30 days stress horizon computed as per the RBI guidelines in this regard.

(ii) Intra period changes

The intra period changes are mainly on account of changes in unencumbered excess SLR positions.

(iii) The composition of High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)

Banks' High Quality Liquid Assets consists of the following

i. Cash

ii. Balance with RBI in excess of CRR requirement

iii. Unencumbered portion of investments in Government securities in excess of SLR requirement.

iv. Investments in Government securities held within the mandatory SLR requirement, to the extent allowed by RBI under Marginal Standing facility(MSF)

v. Investment in Government Securities held up to 14% of Net Demand and Time Liabilities (NDTL) permissible under Facility to Avail Liquidity for Liquidity Coverage Ratio (FALLCR).

(iv) Concentration of funding

Banks' concentration from top 20 depositors stood at 6.97% of total deposits as on 30<sup>th</sup> September 2019.

(v) Derivative exposure and potential collateral calls

Bank does not have derivative business except forward contracts.

(vi) Currency Mismatch in LCR

The bank does not have aggregate liabilities denominated in any foreign currency of 5 per cent or more of the bank's total liabilities and hence LCR in other currencies is not computed.

(vii) Centralisation of liquidity management

Banks' liquidity management and monitoring is centralized. Bank has a Board adopted liquidity management policy in line with RBI regulation and guidelines.

(viii) Other Inflows and outflows in the LCR calculation that are not captured in the template but which the bank considers relevant for its liquidity profile

Inflows and outflows are comprehensively captured in LCR template

## **7. Employee Stock Option Scheme (ESOS)-2013**

The shareholders of the Bank in the 92nd Annual General Meeting of the Bank held on 23.09.2013 accorded sanction to frame and implement the Employees Stock Option Scheme and grant/issue options to eligible present and future employees of the Bank, such that the offer, issue and allotment of such shares pursuant to the option shall not exceed 5% of issued equity shares of the Bank from time to time. Accordingly, the Bank formulated a stock option scheme called "CSB Employees Stock Option Scheme 2013" ("ESOS 2013" or "Scheme") as per Board resolution dated April 8, 2014 and the same has been approved by shareholders vide postal ballot on August 18, 2014. The ESOS is equity settled where the employees will receive one equity share per option. The period of vesting shall range from a minimum of three years from the date of Grant and normally shall not exceed a maximum of five years ("Vesting Period"), unless the Nomination & Remuneration Committee decides for a longer/ shorter vesting period, subject to applicable laws. The Committee may, at its sole discretion, decide the proportion of shares, which shall vest each year during the vesting period ("Vesting Schedule"). The Stock option granted to employees vest over the period as decided by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee. The Exercise Period for the relevant Grant shall be a period commencing from the relevant Vesting Date for the respective tranche and shall end with the expiry of 10 years from the relevant Grant Date or such other period as may be decided by the Committee for each Grant.

The 2013 ESOS Scheme was effective from April 1, 2013. It was subsequently amended for the purpose of compliance with the SEBI SBEB Regulations and approved pursuant to resolution passed by Board of Directors dated May 23, 2019. Further, the 2013 ESOS Scheme was discontinued for the purpose of fresh grants thereunder, pursuant to resolution passed by Board of Directors dated May 23, 2019, and continues only to facilitate exercise of options which have already been granted.

Stock option activity under the scheme during the half year ended 30.09.2019 has been as follows:

Outstanding at the beginning of the half year	305000
Granted during the half year	Nil
Forfeited during the half year	Nil
Options Lapsed	Nil
Exercised during the half year	Nil
Outstanding at the end of the half year	305000
Options exercisable at the end of the half year	305000

Options outstanding at the beginning of the half year carry an exercise price of ₹ 147.25.

- CSB Employees Stock Option Scheme 2019

Pursuant to the requisite approval of the members on May 4, 2019, the Bank has formulated a stock option scheme called “CSB Employees Stock Option Scheme 2019” (“ESOS 2019” or “Scheme”). The scheme is intended to promote the culture of employee ownership and as well as to attract, retain, motivate and incentivize talents in the Bank. The Scheme shall be administered through an employee stock option trust (“ESOS Trust”) in the nature of an irrevocable employee welfare trust in due compliance with the applicable laws. Under the Scheme, the Bank will allot a maximum of 50 lakh shares to the Trust, over a period of time and trust will transfer the shares to the eligible employees at the time of exercise of option by eligible employees on meeting terms of grant fixed by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, on a case to case basis.

Bank, on July 12, 2019 allotted 5,000,000 equity shares @ Rs.10/- per share to CSB ESOS Trust, pursuant to the approval of the shareholders obtained, vide post ballot resolution dated May 4, 2019. However, no options have been granted to the employees under the scheme.

Under intrinsic value method, since exercise price of the stock options granted under the ESOS is more than the underlying value of the shares, it has not resulted in any charge to the Profit and Loss Account for the year. If the Bank had adopted the Black-Scholes model based fair valuation, reserves would have been lower by ₹ 1.72 crore.

The fair value of options granted during the period has been estimated on the date of grant using the Black Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

Average Dividend Yield	0%
Expected Volatility	32.58%
Risk free interest rate	7.62%
Expected life of options	10 years
Expected forfeiture	Nil

Expected volatility is a measure of the amount by which the equity share price is expected to fluctuate during a period. The measure of volatility used in Black-Scholes option pricing model is the annualized standard deviation of the continuously compounded rates of returns on the shares over a period of time. Expected volatility has been computed by considering the historical data on daily volatility in CNX Bank Nifty over the last 10 years.

## 8. Small and Micro Industries

Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 which came into force from 2 October, 2006, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises. There have been no reported cases of delays in payments to micro and small enterprises or of interest payments due to

delays in such payments. The above is based on the information available with the Bank which has been relied upon by the auditors.

#### 9. Provision for Long Term Contracts

The Bank has a process whereby periodically all long term contracts (including derivative contracts) are assessed for material foreseeable losses. At the year end, the bank has reviewed and recorded adequate provision as required under any Law/Accounting Standards for material foreseeable losses on such long term contracts (including derivative contracts) in the books of account and disclosed the same under the relevant notes in the financial statements

#### 10. Disclosure for frauds

(Amount in Crore)

No of frauds reported during 6 months ended 30.09.2019	37
Amount involved in such frauds	29.04
Balance outstanding as on 30.09.2019	28.52
Quantum of provision made by debiting P&L	28.52
Unamortized provision debited from General Reserve	-

#### 11. Details of Priority Sector Lending Certificate Purchased & Sold during the half year

(Amount in Crore)

Scheme Type	PSLC General
PSLCs purchased during the half year	Nil
PSLCs sold during the half year	Nil
Net PSLCs outstanding as on 30.09.2019	Nil

## 12. Comparative Figures

The previous year's figures relate to the year ended 31.03.2019 and hence not comparable.

Sd/-  
Madhavan Menon, Chairman  
(DIN: 00008542)

Sd/-  
C.VR. Rajendran  
Managing Director & CEO  
(DIN:00460061)

As per our report of even  
date

Sd/-  
Thomas Mathew  
Chairman- Audit Committee  
(DIN:01277149)

For R G N Price & Co  
Chartered Accountants  
FRN No:002785S

Sd/-  
Sumit Maheshwari, Director  
(DIN:06920646)

Sd/-  
Sijo Varghese  
Company Secretary

Sd/-  
G. Surendranath Rao  
Partner (M. No. 22693)

Sd/-  
Bhama Krishnamurthy,  
Director  
(DIN:02196839)

Sd/-  
V.Maheswari  
Chief Financial Officer

Kochi  
17.10.2019

Sd/-  
S Nagoor Ali Jinnah, Director  
(DIN: 05238633)

Sd/-  
Madhavan Aravamuthan,  
Director  
(DIN:01865555)